

1 اسئلة النحو والصرف الفصل الثاني ١٤٣٧- د جماري
1. <u>The lexicon</u> consists of lists
 a) Complex words b) Simple words c) Complex constituent d) words, affixes and constituents
2 is an example of <u>backformation</u>
 A) Edit B) Organize C) Resurrect D) Erosion
3 . Affixes are
 A) Bound morphemes B) Free morphemes C) Free and bound morphemes D) Base form
4 . The part of the word that makes the most significant contribution a words meaning is
A) The base B) The root C) The base and the derivational morpheme D) The base and the inflectional morpheme
5 . word consisting of <u>two root</u> morpheme is called a
a. Compound b. Coordinate word c. Double word d. Two-base word
 6. the association between most words and their meanings is purely a. Controversial b. Conditional c. Central
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d. Conventional		
7 . The PP 'in the car' in the sentence "In the car, she drank her coffee" is		
(a) Adverbial (b) Complement (c) Ambiguous (d) Prepositional		
8 . The word ' optionality ' has		
 (a) One morpheme (b) Two morphemes (c) Three morphemes (d) Four morphemes opt-ion-al-ty 		
9 . One of the following is <u>NOT</u> are allomorph of the <u>plural</u> morpheme in English:		
 A) [en] as in 'oxen' and 'children' B) [s] after [t], [k], [p] as in 'bits, tips, tacks' C) [iz] after sounds like [s],[z] as in 'sneezes, bosses ' D) [z] after [d], [g], [n] as in 'dogs, pads, hens' 		
10 . The constituents of a sentence represented in a <u>tree diagram</u> :		
 (A) Sequentially (b) Randomly (c) Hierarchically (d) Unsystematically 11. <u>ATO</u> is an example of: a) Backformation b) Acronym 		
c) Clipping UNICEF – NATO		
d) Neologism 12 . An allomorph is one of the possible realizations of a :		
a) phoneme b) Morpheme		
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c) Lexeme d) Syntagmeme

13 . Which of the following is a $\underline{\text{VSO}}$ language

a) Arabic

- b) French
- c) English
- d) Chinese

VSO ترتيب الجملة باللغة العربيه SVO ترتيب الجملة باللغة الانجليزية

14 . When a morpheme change grammatical category of its host said to be

- a) Functional
- b) Inflectional لايغير الفئة النحوية للكلمة
- يغير الفئة النحوية للكلمة Derivational (
- d) Inflectional and derivational

15. The Lexicon is a(n):

- (a) Electronic dictionary
- (b) Mental dictionary
- (c) Glossary
- (d) Word-list

16. Content or lexical words include:

- (a) Words with lexical or dictionary meaning
- (b) Relative Pronouns
- (c) Quantifiers
- (d) Complementizers

17. The implicit knowledge that native speakers have of their language

- (a) Competence
- (b) Performance
- (c) Syntax
- (d) Linguistics

18. Morphological rule that appl.... frequently to form new words is said be:

- (a) Intuitive
- (b) Non-selective

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(d) Productive انتاجية

19. The suffixes in the word 'constitutionality'

- (a) -ity.
- (b) -ality
- (c) -ionality
- (d) -tutionality

20 . <u>Generative grammar clams</u> that a child is born with an innate predisposition To acquire any language on the basis of a set of universal principles called:

- (a) Functional Grammar
- (b) Minimalist Grammar
- (c) Universal Grammar
- (d) Word Grammar

21 . morpheme is the smallest unit of :

- (a) Morphology
- (b) Phonology
- (c) Semantics
- (d) Pragmatics

22. The word 'had' in the sentence; He had him clean the house' is:

- (a) An auxiliary word
- (b) A function word
- (c) A lexical word
- (d) A class word

23 . Which of the following illustrates ' *compounding* ' :

- (a) Greenhouse
- (b) Prep-school
- (c) KSA
- (d) E-Learning

24 . The <u>free morpheme</u> in the word *'antiestablishment* ' is :

A) stable

المورفيم الحر او الجذر هو

المور فيم اصغر وحدة بالصرف



GREEN+ HOUSE كلمة مركبة

 \bigcirc

B) Establish

C) Establishment

D) Anti

25 . Which of the following is illustrated by the word 'brunch '

- A) Clipping
- B) Blend
- C) Compounding
- D) Backformation

من امثلة المزج محاضرة ٣ مليانة امثلة احفظو ها

ر اجعوا الامثلة في محاضرة ٣

26 . The inflection process turning 'goose' into 'geese' is called:

- a) Ablaut
- b) Suppletion
- c) Umlaut
- d) Conversion

27. In English, verb inflection GENERALLY involves

- (a) Suffixing
- (b) Vowel harmony
- (c) Infixing
- (d) Prefixing

28 . How many <u>base forms</u> are there in the following word '*Restructuring*'

- (a)Zero
- (b) One
- (c) Two
- (d) Three

29. is Tagalog an infixing language:

- (a) Yes
- (b) No
- (c) In some exceptional words
- (d) In irregular pasts former of the verb only



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 30. in Tagalog, 'bili' means 'buy' while 'binili' means 'bought'.identify the morpheme marking the past In this language (a) -bin- (b) -nil- (c) -ni- (d) -in- 	Þ
31. the <u>semantic head</u> of a clause	
 (a) The Tense category (b) The Verb (c) The Verb and Tense (d) The modal auxiliary 	
32 . <u>morphological</u> analysis is concerned with :	
 (a) Word structure (b) Affix structure (c) Prefix structure (d) Suffix structure 	
33. In The sentence 'Being such a shy person, he never mixed with his friends to chat'	
the <u>FINITE</u> verb is	
(a) Never mixed (b) Being (c) Mixed (d) Chat	
34. The head of a <u>compound</u> is	
 (a) The leftmost word (b The rightmost word لليمين اليمين (c) The rightmost and the leftmost words together (d) Neither the rightmost not the leftmost word 	
35. In English, <u>inflection</u> is	
(a) Less productive than derivation(b) As productive as derivation	
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(c) More productive than derivation

(d) Verb-based only

اكثر انتاجية من derivation

36 . The derivation of a Yes/No Question in English involves the movement

(a) I-to- C
(b) V -to-1
(c) V-to-Spec of IP
(d) V-to Spec of CP

37 . in the following string 'a very intelligent student' the underline words make up a(n) :

- (a) ADV P
- (b) AP
- (c) NP
- (d) PP

38 . A speaker's <u>actual</u> use of language in concrete situations is called:

- (a) Competence
- (b) Linguistics
- (c) Performance
- (d) Syntax

39is an affix that is attended after the root.

- (a) A suffix
- (b) A stem
- (c) A root
- (d) A prefix

السفكس يكون بعد الجذر

- 40 . Which of the following statements is correct:
- (a) A derivational affix attaches before and after an inflectional one
- (b) A derivational affix attaches after an inflectional one
- (c) A derivational affix affixes to a base before an inflectional one
- (d) A derivational affix never occurs with an inflectional one.

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41 . The word 'surroundings' can the <u>more</u> following (a) surround-ings	phologically analyzed into which of the
(b) Surrounding- s	
(c) surround-ing-s	
(d) Sur-roundings	
42 . which of the following illustrates strue	ctural ambiguity:
(a) Shooting the gangsters with rifles	
(b) Playing football with the children	الي يعرف الجواب هنا يبلغني
(e) Killing flies in the garden	سالت دکتور قالی کلها صبح الا B
(d) Chatting with friends on the net	سانت دينور قاني عنها طنع الا B
43. When a root is combined with an affi (a) A base	<pre>c, it forms</pre>
(b) A long root يمكن يجيب بدل باس كومبلكس (b) A long root	الحذر المانضيف له لولجق نقولة باس و
(c) A compound word	
(d) A simple word	
44. The inflectional morpheme in 'believe	ers 'is
(a) -lievers.	
(b) -er	
(c) -ers	
(d) -s	
And	
45. In the phrase "the many recently built	houses' the Spec is
(a) The	
(b) The many	
(c) The many recently	
(d) The many recently built	
46. The association between more words	and their meanings is purely
(a) Controversial	
(b) Conditional	
(c) Central	
(d) Conventional	
47 . Not counting the root, the word ' dece	entralization' has
(a) Two morphemes	من دون الجذر في ثلا
(b) Three morphemes	
(c) Four morphemes	
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