

# Lecture 14 Unit 4 Celebrations

### In Unit 4, you learn how to . . .

- use going to and the present continuous to talk about the future.
- use indirect object pronouns.
- talk about birthdays, celebrations, and favorite holidays.
- use "vague" expressions like and everything.
- give "vague" responses like Maybe and It depends.

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### a graduationa an engagement

### wedding a retirement

### the birth of a baby a public holiday



a retirement





a graduation



the birth of a baby

- Graduation: the time when you complete a university degree course or your education at a high school.
- All my friends will come to my graduation party.



- Engagement: an agreement between two people to marry, or the period of time they are engaged.
- Her engagement ring is very expensive.



 Wedding: a marriage ceremony, especially one with a religious service.

 When Adam and Sarah got married, their wedding party was very nice.



- Birth: the time when a baby comes out of its mother's body
- What's your date of birth?



- Retirement: when you stop working, usually because of your age.
- Sam will start his own a business after his retirement,



- Public holiday: a special day when people do not go to work or school.
- It is a public holiday on the National Day



 Gathering: a meeting of a group of people

 Come today to my house, we will have a gathering with friends.



### **Dates & Months**

Months ▼				
January	May	September		
February	June	October		
March	July	November		
April	August	December		

#### **Cardinal Numbers**

Cardinal Numbers				
1 one	17 seventeen			
2 two	18 eighteen			
3 three	19 nineteen			
4 four	20 twenty			
5 five	21 twenty-one			
6 six	22 twenty-two			
7 seven	23 twenty-three			
8 eight	24 twenty-four			
9 nine	25 twenty-five			
10 ten	26 twenty-six			
11 Eleven	27 twenty-seven			
12 twelve	28 twenty-eight			
13 thirteen	29 twenty-nine			
14 fourteen	30 thirty			
15 fifteen	31 thirty-one			
16 sixteen	•			

1st	first	17th	seventeenth
2nd	second	18th	eighteenth
3rd	third	19th	nineteenth
4th	fourth	20th	twentieth
5th	fifth	21st	twenty-first
6th	sixth	22nd	twenty-second
7th	seventh	23rd	twenty-third
8th	eighth	24th	twenty-fourth
9th	ninth	25th	twenty-fifth
10th	tenth	26th	twenty-sixth
11th	eleventh	27th	twenty-seventh
12th	twelfth	28th	twenty-eighth
13th	thirteenth	29th	twenty-ninth
14th	fourteenth	30th	thirtieth
15th	fifteenth	31st	thirty-first
15th 16th	sixteenth	31st	tnirty-first



# Special occasions

Isabel Mrs. Baker's retiring on the thirty-first, remember? She's going to be 65.

Sara Oh, that's right. What are we going to get her?

Isabel We're going to buy her something special, like a coffee table book on art.

Sara Mmm, nice. Are we going to have a gathering to wish her well?

Isabel Right. Let's, um, get some cake and drinks. We can do all that on Thursday, the ninth

Sara OK. And what about a retirement gathering for you?

Isabel Yeah, thanks. That's going to be in about 30 years.



### Exercise: Months & Ordinal Numbers

### **B** Complete the sentences with the correct numbers.

- 1. January is the <u>first</u> month of the year.
- 2. March is the <u>third</u> month of the year.
- 3. June is the \_\_sixth\_ month of the year.

- 4. July is the <u>seventh</u> month of the year.
- 5. October is the <u>tenth</u> month of the year.
- 6. December is the <u>twelfth</u> month of the year.

### **Prepositions of Time**

in - on - at - for - Since

### <u>IN</u>

Part of the day

in the morning in the afternoon in the evening

I usually play football in the afternoon

Month

in July - in September - in February

My summer vacation starts in June.

O Season

in summer -in winter in spring - in fall

I like to go camping in the spring.

O Year

in 1999 - in 2003 - in 2012

Mike graduated from high school in 2010.

# **Prepositions of Time**

### <u>ON</u>

#### **Days**

on Saturday – on Monday I visit my grandparents on Friday.

#### O Dates

on 26<sup>th</sup> of November – on September 13 I was born on September 13<sup>th</sup>.

#### Weekends and Weekdays

I don't work on weekends.
I only work on weekdays.

### <u>AT</u>

Part of the day (exception) at night

I always watch TV at night

#### Specific Time

at 8 a.m. - at midday - at midnight

I often wake up at 6 a.m. My break starts at midday.

# **Prepositions of Time**

### <u>for</u>

#### Duration of time

3 hours – 6 days – a year …etc.

I lived in the Manchester for 7 years.

I waited for them **for** an hour

### **Since**

A specific time

2005 – 7:30 – Saturday – July

I lived there since 2003.

### Fill in the correct prepositions.

1)	Peter is playing tennison	Sunday.	
2)	My brother's birthday ison	the 5th of November.	
3)	My birthday isin	May.	
4)	I have been working with this comp	pany <u>since</u> 200	1
5)	1666, a great f	fire broke out in London.	
6)	I don't like walking alone in the stre	ets <u>at</u> night.	
7)	What are you doingin	the afternoon?	
8)	I have to meet my friendat	<u>t</u> 7 p.m.	
9)	I have been waiting for you	for seven hours.	
10)	I am going to visit my grandparents	s <u>on</u> Friday.	

# Future with: going to

Use "be going to" to talk about future with:

#### 1. Planned actions

We are going to take a test this Saturday.

I am going to fix my car tomorrow.

### 2. Definite events or actions in the near future

Ahmad is going to be 19 next week.

Look! The sky is dark and cloudy. It's going to rain.



# Future with: *going to*

#### The structure:

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subject + be + going to + bas verb
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I'm going to buy something special.
You're going to get a present.
She's going to be 50.
We're going to send some flowers.
They're going to have a party.
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### Future with: *going to*

Yes/No Questions Structure

be + subject + going to + base verb

Are you going to have a party?

Yes, we are. We're going to invite all our friends.

No, we're not. We're not going to do much.

Information (Wh-) Questions Structure

Wh-word + be + subject + going to + base verb

What are you going to do for your birthday?

I'm not going to do anything special.



### Indirect Object

Sarah is going to buy her father a new mobile.

What is Sarah going to buy?

a new mobile

Who is Sarah going to buy the new mobile for? her father

The answer to "what" is called a direct object

The answer to "who" is called an indirect object

I'm going to buy my father something special. Sarah isn't going to give Kirsten anything. Let's send Mom and Dad a card.

Indirect object pronouns:

me, you, him, her, us, them

I'm going to buy **him** something special. Sarah isn't going to give **her** anything. Let's send **them** a card.

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# Exercise: going to

• Complete the questions using going to.

- Are you \_\_going to \_\_do anything special this weekend?
   Are you \_\_going to \_\_invite your friends over for a gathering?
   \_\_ls \_\_someone \_\_going to \_\_bake you a special cake?
   \_\_Are \_\_your parents \_\_going to \_\_buy you something nice?
- 5. When <u>are</u> your parents <u>going to</u> go on vacation?
- 6. What <u>are</u> you <u>going to</u> give your brother at Eid? How about your sisters? And your nieces and nephews?