- Essay- 12th Lecture Commas & Parallel Structure
- To be continued.... Comma الفاصلة

| B. <u>Participial phrases</u> <u>جمل الفاعل</u> |
|--|
| Speaking at the meeting today, the woman opposed the merger. |
| يتحدث في جلسة اليوم، المرأة عكس الأندماج. |
| Stretching, the cat slowly opened her eyes. |
| الأمتداد، فتحت القط عينيها ببطء |
| Terrified, the mouse ran behind the cupboard. |
| الرعب، ركض الفأر وراء الخزانة |
| أسماء المصدر كأداة من أحرف الجرC. <u>Gerunds as objects of prepositions</u> |
| Upon entering the room, the police heard a gunshot. |
| لدى دخوله الغرفة، استمعت الشرطة لطلق ناري |
| Incorrect: Entering the room was dangerous. |
| الصحيح: دخول الغرفة كان خطيرا |
| (Here the gerund is the sentence subject, not an object of a |
| preposition) |
| هنا صيغة المصدر هو موضوع الجملة، وليس هدف من حرف الجر) |
| D.<u>Adverbial infinitives</u> |
| To buy that car, you must pay a \$500.00 deposit. |
| لشراء تلك السيارة، يجب عليك دفع مبلغ 500.00 \$ |
| Note: To test whether the introductory infinitive is adverbial, place "in |
| order" in front of the infinitive. If the resulting sentence makes sense. |
| ملاحظة: لاختبار ما إذا كانت صيغة المصدر تمهيدية ظرفية، مكان "من اجل" امام صيغة |
| المصدر. وإذا كانت الجملة الناتجة منطقيه |
| The introductory infinitive is adverbial and should be followed by a |
| comma. |
| في صيغة المصدر التمهيدية الظرفية، ينبغي أن يتبعه فاصلة. |

- Test <u>اختبار</u>
- To buy that car, you must pay a \$500.00 deposit.
 - لشراء تلك السيارة، يجب عليك دفع مبلغ 500.00 \$
- In order to buy that car, you must pay a \$500.00 deposit.

من أجل شراء هذه السيارة، يجب عليك دفع مبلغ 500.00 \$





• (Here, the appositive is essential since there is more than one daughter.)

(هنا، فإن الإيجابي أمر ضروري لأنه ليس هناك أكثر من ابنة واحدة.)

• My daughter Jane is taller than her sisters.

الصحيح: ابنتي جين هي أطول من أخواتها.

C. Direct Address العنوان المباشر

• Joe, please hand me the newspaper.

• جو، من فضلك سلم لى الصحيفة.

You will see, ladies and gentlemen, that I have nothing up my sleeve

سوف ترى، أيها السيدات والسادة، أن ليس لدي أي شيء حتى كمي

التعبير عن النقيض Expressions of Contrast

• I want chocolate, not vanilla.

أريد الشوكو لاته، وليس الفانيليا.

His wife, not his brother, needs the money more.

زوجته، وليس شقيقه، يحتاج إلى المزيد من المال.

التواريخ والعناوين B. Dates and Addresses

- القاعدة <u>Rule: الق</u>
- When a date or address with several parts occurs in a sentence, place a comma between each element and after the last part.
 - عندما يكون التاريخ أو العنوان مع عدة أجزاء تحدث في الجملة، ضع الفاصلة بين كل عنصر وبعد الجزء الأخير
- Correct: The house at 100 West 67th Street, Baltimore, MD 21210, was sold today.

الصحيح: تم بيع منزل ب100 شارع 67 الغرب، بالتيمور، ماريلاند 21210، اليوم.

My son was born on January 5, 1976, in Chicago, Illinois.

ولد ابني في 5 يناير، 1976، في شيكاغو، إلينوي

- Caution: When the date or address has only one element or has its individual parts separated by words in the sentence, do not use a comma within or after the date or address.
- تنبيه: التاريخ أو العنوان له سوى عنصر واحد أو لديه أجزائه الفردية مفصولة الكلمات في الجملة، لا تستخدم الفاصلة في أو بعد التاريخ أو العنوان.
- Incorrect: It was on January 5, that my son was born.
 - غير صحيح: لقد كان يوم 5 يناير، الذي ولدت ابني.
- She lives at 100 West 67th Street, in Baltimore.
 - هي تعيش ب 100 شارع 67 غرب، في بالتيمور
- Correct: She lives at 100 West 67th Street in Baltimore, Maryland
 الصحيح: وهي تعيش ب 100 شارع 67 غرب في بالتيمور، ماريلاند













| ورتباطات التنسيق Coordinate Conjunctions | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| and: in addition | She tried and succeeded. | | |
| but: however | They tried but did not succeed. | | |
| or: alternatively | Did you go out or stay at home? | | |
| nor: and neither | I did not see it, nor did they. | | |
| yet: however | The sun is warm, yet the air is cool. | | |

| PARALLEL STRUCTURE V | VITH COOR | DINATE CON | IJUNCTIONS | |
|----------------------|------------|------------------|------------|--|
| (same structure) | and but | (same structure) | | |
| | or | | | |
| | | and | | |

Tip #2: Watch words and phrases joined by correlative conjunctions like both...and, either...or, and rather...than.

| مثل على حد سواء | نصيحة رقم 2: مراقبة الكلمات والعبارات التى تضم إرتباطات مترابطه وإما أو، وبدلا من | |
|-----------------|--|--|
| | وإما أو، وبدلا من | |

• Both biology and medicine are good professions.

كلا البيولوجيا والطب مهن جيده.

 I would rather stay up late to finish this paper than get up early in the morning.

| Correlative Conjunctions إرتباطات مترابطة | | |
|---|--|--|
| both and | He is both intelligent and good-natured. | |
| either or | I will either go for a walk or read a book. | |
| neither nor | He is neither rich nor famous. | |





8



| USE PARALLEL STRUC | CTURE WITH COMP | ARISONS |
|-------------------------------------|--|-----------|
| My school is farth <i>er than</i> y | our school. | |
| To be rich is better than to | be poor. | |
| What is written is more eas | ily understood <i>than</i> what i | s spoken. |
| Ŭ | se of parallel structures with compariso | ns: |
| | | |
| (same structure) | more than -er than less than as as the same as similar to | |

Let's practice: دعونا نتدرب
 Mr. Garcia has promised me a good job and to pay me a fair salary.
 السيد غارسيا وعدني بوظيفة جيدة ويدفع لي راتب منصف.
 Mr. Garcia has promised me a good job and a fair salary.
 Mr. Garcia has promised me a good job and a fair salary.
 Ilmuc غارسيا وعدني بوظيفة جيدة وراتب منصف
 The manager asked both groups to meet and share their differences

and finally arriving at an agreement.

طلب المدير كلا الفريقين للالتقاء وتبادل اختلافاتهم والتوصل أخيرا إلى اتفاق.

• The manager asked both groups to meet and share their differences and to arrive at an agreement.

طلب المدير كلا الفريقين للالتقاء وتبادل اختلافاتهم من أجل التوصل إلى اتفاق

 The magazine contains news, pictures, ads, tell you where to shop, and feature columns.

تحتوي المجلة على الأخبار ،والصور، والإعلانات، وتخبركم عن التسوق، و ميزة الأعمدة.

- The magazine contains news, pictures, ads, shopping ads, and feature columns.
 - تحتوي المجلة على الأخبار ، والصور، والإعلانات، و ميزة الأعمدة.
- Tennis, modeling and to read suspense novels took up most of her time.
 - التنس، والطراز وقراءة الروايات المشوقه تأخذ معظم وقتها
- Tennis, modeling and reading suspense novels took up most of her time.
 - التنس، والطراز وقرائتها الروايات المشوقه تأخذ معظم وقتها
- This is the life –to live, working and cooking outdoors.
 - هذه هي الحياة للعيش والعمل والطبخ بالخارج.
- This is the life –living, working and cooking outdoors.

هذه هي الحياة للمعيشة والعمل والطبخ الخارج

 Running towards the end zone, he slipped, got up, and was keeping on going as fast as he could.

العمل نحو نهاية المنطقة ، انزلق، نهض، وكان يسير بسرعة على قدر استطاعته.

 Running towards the end zone, he slipped, got up, and kept on going as fast as he could.

العمل نحو نهاية المنطقة ، انزلق، نهض، وحرص على الذهاب بأسرع ما يمكن.

| After a hard fought war in a foreign land and he travels a long way |
|--|
| home, Dad deserves a little rest. |
| بعد الحرب الصعبه قاتلوا في الأرضى الأجنبية، وسافر طريقا طويلا للمنزل ، ويستحق الأب |
| راحة قليله |
| We tried to snap pictures and catch fish, but we got mosquito bites |
| |
| and sunburned. |
| حاولنا التقاط الصور وصيد الاسماك، ولكن حصلنا لدغات البعوض، وحرقة الشمس. |
| EXERCISE 24: Each of the following sentences contains words or groups of words that should be parallel. Circle the word that indicates that the sentence should have parallel |
| parts. Underline the parts that should be parallel. Then indicate if the sentences are correct (C) or incorrect (I). |
| 1. She held jobs as a typist, a housekeeper, and in a restaurant. |
| $\underline{}$ 2. The report you are looking for could be in the file or on the desk. |
| 3. She works very hard but usually gets below-average grades. |
| 4. The speaker introduced himself, told several interesting anecdotes, and finishing with an emotional plea. |
| 5. You should know when the program starts and how many units you must complete. |
| 6. The term paper he wrote was rather short but very impressive. |
| — 7. She suggested taking the plane this evening or that we go by train tomorrow. |
| 8. The dean or the assistant dean will inform you of when and where you should apply |
| for your diploma. |
| 9. There are papers to file, reports to type, and those letters should be answered. |
| 10. The manager needed a quick but thorough response. |
| |

EXERCISE 25: Each of the following sentences contains words or groups of wor should be parallel. Circle the word or words that indicate that the sentence shoul parallel parts. Underline the parts that should be parallel. Then indicate if the ser are correct (C) or incorrect (I).

- 1. According to the syllabus, you can either write a paper or you can take an exa
- <u>C</u> 2. It would be <u>both</u> <u>noticed</u> <u>and</u> <u>appreciated</u> if you could finish the work before leave.
- 3. She would like neither to see a movie or to go bowling.
- 4. Either the manager or her assistant can help you with your refund.
- 5. She wants not only to take a trip to Europe but she also would like to travel to A
- 6. He could correct neither what you said nor you wrote.
- _____ 7. Both the tailor or the laundress could fix the damage to the dress.

EXERCISE 26: Each of the following sentences contains words or groups of words that should be parallel. Circle the word or words that indicate that the sentence should have parallel parts. Underline the parts that should be parallel. Then indicate if each sentence is correct (C) or incorrect (I).

- \underline{C} 1. His research for the thesis was (more useful than) hers.
- 2. Dining in a restaurant is (more fun than) to eat at home.
- 3 I want a new secretary who is as efficient as the previous one.
- 4. What you do today should be the same as did yesterday.
- 5. This lesson is more difficult than we had before.
- _____ 6. You have less homework than they do.