

English language \_\_\_\_\_ easy to learn. .\

it is .A

are .B

is .C

am .D

2. Ahmed and I \_\_\_\_\_ free today.

am .A

aren't .B

is .C

am n't .D

3. \_\_\_\_\_ is my sister.

She .A

He .B

They .C

We .D

4. You are \_\_\_\_\_ man.

a .A

an .B

not .C

nothing .D

5. Airplanes aren't slow. \_\_\_\_\_ very fast.

He's .A

They aren't .B

It isn't .C

They're .D

6. \_\_\_\_\_ my uncle. He is my father.

He is .A

He'sn't .B

**He isn't .C**

It is not .D

7. The food \_\_\_\_\_ very delicious.

are .A

am .B

aren't .C

**is .D**

8 \_\_\_\_\_ cat is \_\_\_\_\_ animal.

An / a .A

A / a .B

An / an .C

**A / an .D**

9. Ibrahim is a doctor. \_\_\_\_\_ a doctor?

He is .A

He isn't .B

**Is he .C**

Isn't she .D

\_\_\_\_\_ your father at home? .A

Are .A

**Is .B**

Aren't .C

Am .D

11. Flowers aren't ugly. They are very \_\_\_\_\_.

hot .A

rich .B

beautiful .C

Safe .D

12. English language is \_\_\_\_\_ to learn. It isn't difficult.

slow .A

easy .B

noisy .C

Cheap .D

13. Look! The bird is flying \_\_\_\_\_ our heads.

in .A

under .B

over .C

On .D

14. You should keep your money \_\_\_\_\_ your pocket.

on .A

over .B

under .C

in .D

15. My friend is \_\_\_\_\_. He can't come to work.

healthy .A

sick .B

Rich .C

beautiful .D

End of the first lecture

1.Salma and Fatima -----from Riyadh.

a. is

b. was

c. has

d. are

2. \_\_\_\_\_ your car new?

a. Are

b. Is

c. Aren't

d. Has

3. London ----- a country. It is a city.

is .A

aren't .B

isn't .C

are .D

4. ----- ant is ----- insect. .E

An / an .F

An / a .G

A / an .H

A / a .I

5. Are you a doctor? No, -----.

I'mn't .A

amn't .B

Iamn't .C

I'm not .D

6. Where is the water? ----- inside the refrigerator. .E

They're .F

It .G

**It's .H**

He's .I

7. A teacher usually starts a lesson by writing the date-----the board.

in .A

under .B

over .C

**on .D**

8. My friend is from America.----- lives in New York city.

I .A

We .B

**He .C**

It .D

9. ----- in the house now.

**We're .A**

Wer'e .B

Were .C

We re .D

10. Are you ready? - -----.

**No, I'm not .A**

Yes, I'm .B

No, Iamn't .C

Yes, You're .D

1. Could you please give me \_\_\_\_\_ piece of cake?

a. an

b. two

**c. a**

d. many

2. \_\_\_\_ dog is \_\_\_\_ animal.

a. An/a

b. An/an

**c. A/an**

d. A/a

3. I visited \_\_\_\_ Ahmed last week.

- a. an      b. the      c. a      d. Nothing

4. The capital of Saudi Arabia is \_\_\_\_ Riyadh.

- a. Nothing      b. an      c. a      d. the

5. I finished \_\_\_\_ unit in English language course.

- a. an      b. a      c. three      d. few

6. I take \_\_\_\_ umbrella when it rains.

- a. a      b. an      c. two      d. several

1. The doctor gave \_\_\_\_\_ a lecture about pronouns.

a. we

b. us

c. our

d. ours

2. \_\_\_\_\_ friend sent an email to the doctor regarding the homework.

a. I

b. Me

c. Mine

d. My

3. Hani visits \_\_\_\_\_ every week.

a. them

b. they

c. theirs

d. their

4. \_\_\_\_\_ are the books you told me about.

a. That

**b. These**

c. You

d. Their

5. The building you need is \_\_\_\_\_.

a. these

b. those

**c. there**

d. her

6. That car over there is \_\_\_\_\_.

**a. mine**

b. me

c. my

d. I

1. She \_\_\_\_\_ at home now.

a. be

b. was

**c. is**

d. been

2. My friends will \_\_\_\_\_ here after 15 minutes.

a. are

b. were

c. been

**d. be**

3. I \_\_\_\_\_ in Riyadh two weeks ago.

**a. was**

b. am

c. be

d. were

4. We \_\_\_\_\_ ready to start now.

a. were

**b. aren't**

c. weren't

d. isn't

5. \_\_\_\_ Hiba at university yesterday?

- a. Is            b. Are            c. Were            **d. Was**

6. Will Rashed \_\_\_\_ at university tomorrow?

- a. be**    b. is            c. was            d. been

1. She \_\_\_\_ a new car nowadays.

- a. had            b. have            **c. has**            d. hasn't

2. My friends \_\_\_\_ been here for 15 minutes.

- a. has            **b. have**            c. hasn't            d. aren't

3. I \_\_\_\_ an English lecture yesterday .

- a. had**            b. have            c. has            d. haven't

4. Hind \_\_\_\_ a dictionary now.

- a. hasn't            **b. doesn't have**            c. haven't            d. didn't have

5. Ahmed and Abdullah \_\_\_\_ a mathematics test now?

- a. has            **b. have**            c. doesn't have            d. had

6. \_\_\_\_ she been here before ?

- a. Have            **b. Has**            c. Is            d. Was

1. You can go to the new \_\_\_\_ and buy whatever you need.

- A. hospital            B. school  
**C. mall**            D. cinema

2. Doctors always advice smokers to give up smoking. The underlined word give up

has the same meaning as:

- A. quit**            B. Start  
C. help            D. study

3. The children were afraid when they saw the \_\_\_\_ in the Luna park.



A. food

C. monster

C. games

D. juice

4. The phrase “ write the same thing’ means \_\_\_\_\_ .

A. cut

B. paste

C. copy

D. delete

5. The trip to the sea was very, very good. “ very, very good” means:-

A. wonderful

B. dangerous

C. terrible

D. easy

6. The men, women and children in Saudi Arabia are kind and generous. The underlined phrase can be replaced by:

A. visitors

C. people

C. soldiers

D. vehicles

1. Sultan \_\_\_\_\_ his best to get full mark in the last homework.

a. do

b. does

c. did d. done

2. Fatin has \_\_\_\_\_ the homework perfectly.

a. done

b. did

c. do

d. does

3. You will \_\_\_\_\_ me favor if you tell me the answer

a. doing

b. do

c. doing

d. did

4. He always \_\_\_\_\_ the right thing.

a. do

b. doing

c. does

d. done

5. The students are \_\_\_\_\_ the exercises now.

a. do                      **b. doing**                      c. done                      d. did

6. \_\_\_\_\_ the homework yesterday?

a. Have you do    b. Can you doing    c. Do y    **d. Did you do**

1. He goes to work \_\_\_\_\_ seven o'clock

a. in                      b. on                      **c. at**                      d. for

2. She was born \_\_\_\_\_ October.

a. at                      **b. in**                      c. on                      d. with

3. The weather is hot \_\_\_\_\_ summer.

**a. in**                      b. on                      c. At                      d. From

4. Students don't go to university \_\_\_\_\_ Friday.

a. in                      b. At                      c. Over                      **d. on**

1. Where is the car? It's in the \_\_\_\_\_

A. library                      B. book  
**C. garage**                      D. kitchen

2. If you didn't find the book, you can look for it in the other room. the underlined

word look for means:

A. buy                      **B. search**  
C. read                      D. eat

3. English language is \_\_\_\_\_. It is not difficult.

A. beautiful

C. boring

C. safe

D. easy

4. The word “classifications” means \_\_\_\_\_.

A. entertainments

B. eatables

C. categories

D. customers

5. The word “gourmet” means \_\_\_\_\_.

A. a policeman

B. Food specialist

C. mechanic

D. who works at hospital

6. “separated from others”\_. The underlined phrase means:

A. happy

C. sick

C. alone

D. busy

1. I speak English fluently and Reem does, \_\_\_\_\_

a. either

b. too

c. so

d. neither

2. My \_\_\_\_\_ in this term is 84.3 %.

a. marriage

b. package

c. garage

d. average

3. All members in \_\_\_\_\_ families were living in one house.

a. traditional

b. nuclear

c. rich

d. bad

4. We went for a picnic by the sea and had \_\_\_\_\_. It was a very delicious meal.

a. problem

b. barbecue

c. test

d. camera

5. My uncle and my aunt are called my \_\_\_\_\_.

a. relatives

b. brothers

c. friends d. neighbors

6. Group of people/ playing a sport is called a

\_\_\_\_\_.

a. family

b. friend

c. team

d. match

1. My uncle \_\_\_\_\_ us every week.

a. visit

b. visits

c. visiting

d. has visited

2. Water \_\_\_\_\_ at 100 degree centigrade.

a. boiled

b. boiling

c. boil

d. boils

3. They \_\_\_\_\_ the work at 7 every morning.

a. begins

b. have begun

c. begin

d. beginning

4. \_\_\_\_ drinks milk before sleeping.

a. The child

b. The children

c. The boys

d. You

5. I usually \_\_\_\_\_ carefully when it rains.

a. drove

b. drives

c. driving

d. drive

6. My mother cooks rice and meat \_\_\_\_\_ a. now b.  
yesterday c. once a week d. last month

1. She \_\_\_\_\_ her mother in the house.

a. help

b. doesn't help

c. don't help

d. doesn't helps

2. The men \_\_\_\_\_ their work in the best way.

a. don't do      b. does      c. doesn't do      d. don't

3. \_\_\_\_\_ doesn't smoke nowadays .

a. My brothers      b. You      c. My father      d. I

4. \_\_\_\_ they play football every week?

a. Do      b. Does      c. Are      d. Done

5. Why \_\_\_\_ he always come late?

a. is      b. do      c. does      d. was

1. The underlined letter /s/ in the word 'leaks' has the same pronunciation of the letter /s/ in the word: \_\_\_\_\_ .

a. hats      b. toys      c. windows      d. rains

2. The underlined letter /es/ in the word 'fixes' has the same pronunciation of the letter /s/ in the word: \_\_\_\_\_ .

a. employs      b. rooms      c. matches      d. helps

3. The underlined letter /s/ in the word 'goes' has the same pronunciation of the letter /s/ in the word: \_\_\_\_\_ .

a. heats      b. repairs      c. breaks      d. catches

1. The word ' \_\_\_\_\_ ' means lines on one's skin

a. stress      b. wrinkles      c. beverages      d. toes

2. " \_\_\_\_\_ " means that a person is unable to sleep.

a. sleep-deprived      b. sleep too much  
c. relaxed      d. healthy

3. The word that has the same meaning as sickness is \_\_\_\_\_ .

a. wealth      b. disease      c. health      d. earth

4. My friend suffers from \_\_\_\_\_. He has become too fat.  
a. overweight b. poorness c. English d. hard work
5. “\_\_\_\_\_” means worry.  
 a. Relaxation b. Stress c. Health d. highness
6. The opposite meaning of sick is \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a. rich b. happy c. healthy d. tired
7. The phrase “ get older” means \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. age b. to be young c. fat d. strong
8. “\_\_\_\_\_” means not even once.  
 a. Always b. never c. sometimes d. rarely
9. The word that has the same meaning as “ drinks of all kinds” is \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a. water b. food c. vegetables d. beverages
10. “ Unhealthy things tao eat” means \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a. overweight b. junk food c. honey d. milk
11. “\_\_\_\_\_” means find an answer.  
a. solve b. shake c. draw d. watch
12. The opposite meaning of “Physical” is \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a. successful b. happy c. healthy d. mental

1. The men \_\_\_\_\_ in the building now.  
 a. worked b. works c. are working d. working
2. \_\_\_\_\_ waiting me at the moment? – near the pharmacy.  
 a. Where he is b. Where does he  
 c. Where did he d. Where is he
3. The boys \_\_\_\_\_ football now .  
 a. are play b. play

- c. is playing d. aren't playing
4. Listen! The baby \_\_\_\_\_ in the next room.  
a. will cry b. crying  
b. are crying d. is crying
5. I can't go with you. I \_\_\_\_\_ my homework now.  
a. did b. have don c. am doing d. do
6. She \_\_\_\_\_ meat with rice now.  
a. isn't liking b. doesn't like c. is liking d. like
7. She \_\_\_\_\_ meat with rice at the moment.  
a. eats b. doesn't eats c. is eating d. eat
8. The boys \_\_\_\_\_ football now .  
a. are play b. play  
c. is playing d. aren't playing
9. look! The car \_\_\_\_\_ coming toward us.  
a. will come b. coming  
b. are coming d. is coming
10. My mother is in the kitchen. She \_\_\_\_\_ now.  
a. cooked b. have cooked c. is cooking d. cook
1. \_\_\_\_\_ was the reason of the car accident? – It was the very high speed.  
A. Wh B. Where C. What D. How
2. Could you please tell me \_\_\_\_\_ will be the final test ? - Next Monday.  
A. Where B. When C. How D. Who
3. \_\_\_\_\_ do you eat a day? - Only twice.  
A. How far B. How long C. How often D. How
4. How long did it take you to finish doing the homework? - \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Three kilometers B. Two hours C. Four children D. Yesterday





- a. swimming      b. shopping      c. playing      d. driving
5. “ \_\_\_\_\_ ” is the opposite meaning of private.
- a. Relaxed      b. serious      c. public      d. high
1. The students \_\_\_\_\_ the homework last week.
- a. do      b. did      c. will do      d. are doing
2. We \_\_\_\_\_ to the new shopping mall yesterday.
- a. go      b. are going      c. didn't n      d. didn't went
3. \_\_\_\_\_ he \_\_\_\_\_ the accident two days ago?
- a. Does/ see      b. Does/ saw      c. Did / saw      d. Did/ see
4. The doctor \_\_\_\_\_ busy when I phoned him.
- a. was      b. is      c. did      d. are
5. She \_\_\_\_\_ a meeting with the doctor at university last Monday.
- a. has      b. doesn't have      c. had      d. hadn't
6. When he came, I \_\_\_\_\_ here.
- a. didn't was      b. wasn't      c. am not      d. didn't do
1. To ask oneself and think means: \_\_\_\_\_
- a. prefer      b. wonder      c. repair      d. enjoy
2. “ \_\_\_\_\_ ” has the same meaning as “ proof”.
- a. essence      b. similarity      c. evidence      d. reference
3. The word that has the same meaning as “ a chemical that helps us to grow” is \_\_\_\_\_ .
- a. germs      b. sugar      c. bacteria      d. hormone
4. “ \_\_\_\_\_ ” the same meaning as “ nevertheless”.
- a. however      b. because      c. since      d. as
5. something we use to refer to another thing is a \_\_\_\_\_
- a. book      b. pen      c. symbol      d. sheet
6. \_\_\_\_\_ is the opposite of sleeping.

- a. Dreaming    **b. Awake**    c. Running    d. Active
7. Wishes means: \_\_\_\_\_
- a. wonders    **b. desires**    c. dreams    d. studies
8. “\_\_\_\_\_” has the same meaning as “repair”.
- a. fix**    b. damage    c. prepare    d. concern
9. The word that has the same meaning as “reason” is \_\_\_\_\_ .
- a. question    **b. purpose**    c. basic    d. season
10. The word that means “period of time” is \_\_\_\_\_ .
- a. areas    b. project    **c. stage**    d. sense
11. “\_\_\_\_\_” the same meaning as “happens”.
- a. occurs**    b. finishes    c. starts    d. enjoys
12. The word that means “go places” is \_\_\_\_\_
- a. swim    b. leave    **c. travel**    d. look
13. “\_\_\_\_\_” is the opposite of easy
- a. make sense    **b. complicated**    c. normal    d. expensive
1. I was very hungry. I ate \_\_\_\_\_ food .
- a. many    b. little    **c. much**    d. a few
2. \_\_\_\_\_ students will pass the test. It is very easy.
- a. Few    b. Some    c. A few    **d. Many**
3. Fortunately, \_\_\_\_\_ people died in the terrible accident.
- a. Many    b. Some    **c. Few**    d. A few
4. He was very happy . He won \_\_\_\_\_ money in the project.
- a. many    **b. much**    c. little    d. a few
5. \_\_\_\_\_ student should have the textbooks.
- a. many    b. Some    **c. Every**    d. All
6. I didn’t like the food. I ate \_\_\_\_\_
- a. much    b. many    **c. little**    d. few

7. I read \_\_\_\_\_ books about English literature.

- a. a little      **b. several**      c. much      d. every

8. I haven't seen \_\_\_\_\_ students at university on Friday.

- a, many      b. some      **c. any**      d. a few

1. My friend is very clever. He \_\_\_\_\_ passes the tests.

- A. sometimes      **B. always**  
C. never      D. seldom

2. My friend is very clever. He \_\_\_\_\_ fails the tests.

- A. always      B. sometimes  
**C. never**      D. seldom

3. \_\_\_\_\_ a snake? – No, I haven't.

- A. Have you seen ever      **B. Have you ever seen**  
C. Have you seen never      D. Have you never seen

4. Hind is very punctual. She \_\_\_\_\_ comes late to her work.

- A. always      **B. never**  
C. sometimes      D. often

5. Rami plays football three times a week. He \_\_\_\_\_ plays football.

- A. always      **B. sometimes**  
C. never      D. seldom

6. \_\_\_\_\_ the homework alone?

- A. Do you do usually      B. Do you never do  
C. Do usually you do      **D. Do you usually do**

I. We saw an accident while we \_\_\_\_\_ to university.

- A. go      B. have gone  
**C. were going**      D. was going

When he \_\_\_\_\_, it was raining heavily.

A. was arriving

**B. arrived**

B. arrives

D. is arriving

3. As the children \_\_\_\_\_ in the park, someone fell down.

**A. were playing**

B. played

C. play

D. are playing

I. The word “ \_\_\_\_\_ ” means work for free.

A. employ

**B. volunteer**

C. prepare

D. watch

2. The phrase “ a big or strong difference ” means \_\_\_\_\_.

A. contract

B. difficulty

**B. contrast**

D. similarity

3. You are \_\_\_\_\_ because every body knows about you.

A. sick

B. a driver

C. a player

**D. famous**

4. A person between 13 and 19 years old is a \_\_\_\_\_

**A. teenager**

B. worker

C. volunteer

D. pilot

5. In our society, a mother usually \_\_\_\_\_ her children and prepares food.

A. kills

B. goes for

**C. Takes care of**

D. sets out

6. The word “ \_\_\_\_\_ ” is closest in meaning to the word “ a picture ”.

A. mission

**B. vision**

B. revision

D. television

7. The box is \_\_\_\_\_. It is not easy to break it.

A. heavy

B. rough

C. tough

D. red

8. Some examples of \_\_\_\_\_ are love, feelings and joy.

A. invitation

B. emotions

C. tourism

D. sickness

1. The part speech of “ final” is \_\_\_\_\_

A. a verb

B. an adverb

C. a noun

D. an adjective

2. The part speech of “ questions ” is \_\_\_\_\_

A. a verb

B. an adverb

C. a noun

D. an adjective

3. The part speech of “ will” is \_\_\_\_\_

A. a main verb

B. a verb to be

C. a modal

D. a preposition

4. The part speech of “ in” is \_\_\_\_\_

A. a verb

B. a preposition

C. a noun

D. an adjective

5. The part speech of “ us” is \_\_\_\_\_ pronoun

A. a possessive

B. an object

C. a subject

D. a reflexive

6. The part speech of “ gave ” is \_\_\_\_\_

A. a present verb

B. an auxiliary

C. a future verb

D. a past verb

7. The part speech of “ last” is \_\_\_\_\_

A. an adjective

B. a verb to be

C. an article

D. a preposition

8. The part speech of “ doctor” is \_\_\_\_\_

A. a verb

B. a subject noun

C. an object noun

D. an adjective

1. The planes aren't \_\_\_\_\_. They are very fast.

A. new

B. slow

C. quick

D. good

2. The opposite meaning of noisy is \_\_\_\_\_.

A. easy

B. hard

C. quiet

D. dangerous

3. My grandfather isn't \_\_\_\_\_. He is very old.

A. new

B. cold

C. big

D. young

4. That man is very \_\_\_\_\_. He can move a truck alone.

A. strong

B. weak

B. kind

D. clever

5. The opposite meaning of the word “ \_\_\_\_\_ ” is narrow.

A. tall

B. dangerous

C. wide

D. low

6. Everything around is \_\_\_\_\_ because of the heavy rain last night.

A. hot

B. wet

C. dry

D. warm

7. “ \_\_\_\_\_ ” is the opposite of sweet.

A. Sour

B. Dark

C. Lazy

D. Clever

8. Sitting by the sea coast isn't \_\_\_\_\_. It is very quiet.

A. clean

B. cheap

C. hot

D. noisy

1. The word " \_\_\_\_\_ " is closest in meaning to the phrase " not cooked".

A. boiled

B. raw

C. fried

D. ugly

2. Some people lose weight fast, but they usually \_\_\_\_\_ it back again.

A. gain

B. eat

C. help

D. give

3. The word " \_\_\_\_ " is closest in meaning to the phrase " very beautiful".

A. interesting

B. attractive

C. difficult

D. thin

4. She looks very \_\_\_\_\_ because of the diet she follows.

A. slim

B. ugly

C. dangerous

D. tall

5. I remembered the meanings of all words \_\_\_\_\_ the word " except".

A. expect

B. accept

C. except

D. receipt

6. My friend suffers from being \_\_\_\_\_. He is now too fat.

A. thin

B. overweight

C. light

D. happy

7. " \_\_\_\_\_ " is closest in meaning to the phrase " old, smelly and very bad".

A. interesting

B. attractive

C. disgusting

D. delicious

8. Dieting often doesn't work. People usually gain back the weight.

The word "Work" means: \_\_\_\_\_

A. have a job

B. succeed

C. fail

D. be active and try

1. The underlined letter /ed/ in the word “played” is pronounced  
the same as in the word \_\_\_\_\_

A. decideded

B. enjoyed

C. talked

D. helped

2. The underlined letter /ed/ in the word “helped” is pronounced  
the same as in the word \_\_\_\_\_

A. decided

B. enjoyed

C. looked

D. wanted

3. The underlined letter /ed/ in the word “wanted” is pronounced  
the same as in the word \_\_\_\_\_

A. decided

B. encouraged

C. talked

D. wanted

- The doctor \_\_\_\_\_ us another live lecture next week.

A. gave

B. has give

C. was giving

D. will give

- We shall \_\_\_\_\_ the homework tomorrow.

A. do

B. doing

C. did

D. done

1. \_\_\_\_\_ to Dubai tomorrow?

A. Has he travelled

B. Will he travel

C. Was he traveling

D. Did he travel

2. \_\_\_\_\_ to the museum next week.

A. They won't go

B. They have gone

C. They went

D. They were going

1. The word “\_\_\_\_\_” is closest in meaning to the phrase “a way of acting”.



## B. behavior

### D. character

### A. worried

### C. sleepy

**3. The word “\_\_\_\_\_” is closest in meaning to the phrase “very clever”.**

### B. intelligent

### D. enjoyable

### A. bored

### C. dangerous

5. “\_\_\_\_\_” is closest in meaning to the phrase “kinds of living things”.

## B. beaches

### C. species

**6. All children \_\_\_\_\_ watching cartoon movies.**

**B. enjoy**

### D. avoid

7. “\_\_\_\_\_” is closest in meaning to the word “like”.

### B. attract

### C. prefer

### D. avoid

8. When the sun rises, the fog \_\_\_\_\_ quickly .

### A. disappears

### B. succeeds

### D. fails

**1. I \_\_\_\_\_ any one in the last week meeting .**

**B. didn't**

**C. didn't do**

### D. don't do

2. \_\_\_\_\_ she take the medicine everyday?

A. Do

B. Did

C. Is

D. Does

3. The mechanic \_\_\_\_\_ repair the car yesterday.

A. doesn't

B. didn't do

C. didn't

D. doesn't do

4. \_\_\_\_\_ the homework correctly last week?

A. Does he do

B. Did he

C. Did he did

D. Did he do

5. Nadia is \_\_\_\_\_ of all

A. More beautiful

B. beautiful

C. The beautiful

D. The most beautiful

6.:A is \_\_\_\_\_ of all.

A. better

b. best

C. the better

D. the best

1. People in Saudi Arabia are as \_\_\_\_\_ as people in Jordan .

A. more generous

B. generous

C. most generous

D. the most generous

2. The weather in winter is \_\_\_\_\_ than it is in summer.

A. colder

B. cold

C. coldest

D. the coldest

3. I have \_\_\_\_\_ money than you do.

A. much

B. more

C. most

D. least

4. Abdullah is \_\_\_\_\_ of all boys.

A. the fastest

B. the most fastest

C. fast

D. faster

1. He has \_\_\_\_\_ the letter .

A. writes

B. wrote

C. writing

D. written

2. The boys \_\_\_\_\_ eaten their food.

A. will

B. have

C. has

D. are

1. My friend \_\_\_\_\_ for the final test since 12 o'clock.

A. have studied

B. has study

C. is studying

D. has studied

2. \_\_\_\_\_ the medicine?

A. Has she taken

B. She has taken

C. Did she took

D. Is she taken

1. Naji had a meeting at university, but Rami \_\_\_\_\_

A. hadn't

B. hasn't

C. doesn't

D. didn't

2. \_\_\_\_\_ you have a car, Hashim?

A. Have

B. Has

C. Do

D. Are

3. My mother \_\_\_\_\_ our food yet.

A. has prepare

B. hasn't prepared

C. has prepared

D. prepares

4. I \_\_\_\_\_ my coffee.

A. didn't had

B. haven't

C. didn't have

D. hadn't

1. Don't go swimming. The water is \_\_\_\_\_ cold.

A. to

**B. too**

C. two

D. toe

2. My brother travelled to United States \_\_\_\_\_ complete his higher education.

A. two

B. too

C. to

D. toe

3. I have \_\_\_\_\_ friends in London.

A. to

B. too

C. toe

D. two

1. Your friend always wastes time without studying and gets bad marks in the tests.

You advise him by saying:

A. You shouldn't study hard

B. You should fail the tests

C. you should waste time

D. You should study hard

2. Your brother caught cold because he went outside without wearing heavy clothes.

You say to him:

A. You should have worn heavy clothes

B. You shouldn't have caught cold

C. You should have gone outside

D. You should not wear heavy clothes

3. Rashed made a terrible accident because he drove his car fast.

He \_\_\_\_\_ his car fast

A. should drive

B. should have driven

C. shouldn't have driven

D. should has driven

1. Could you please give me \_\_\_\_\_ piece of cake?

a. an      b. two      **c. a**      d. many

2. \_\_\_\_\_ dog is \_\_\_\_\_ animal.

a. An/a      b. An/an      **c. A/an**      d. A/a

3. I visited \_\_\_\_\_ Ahmed last week.

a. an      b. the      c. a      **d. Nothing**

4. The capital of Saudi Arabia is \_\_\_\_\_ Riyadh.

**a. Nothing**      b. an      c. a      d. the

5. I finished \_\_\_\_\_ unit in English language course.

a. an      **b. a**      c. three      d. few

6. I take \_\_\_\_\_ umbrella when it rains.

a. a      **b. an**      c. two      d. several

1. The doctor gave \_\_\_\_\_ a lecture about pronouns.

a. we

**b. us**

c. our

d. ours

2. \_\_\_\_\_ sent an email to the doctor regarding the homework.

**a. I**

b. Me

c. Mine      d. My

3. Hani visits \_\_\_\_\_ every week.

**a. them**

b. they

c. theirs

d. their

4. \_\_\_\_\_ are the books you told me about.

a. That

**b. These**

c. You

d. Their

5. The building you need is \_\_\_\_\_.

a. these

b. those

**c. there**

d. her

6. That car over there is \_\_\_\_\_.

**a. mine**

b. me

c. my

d. I

1. Sami \_\_\_\_\_ his friends.

A. respects always

B. respects never

**C. always respects**

D. respects sometimes

2. If there is only one of the verbs to Be ( is, am, are, was, were ),

we put the frequency adverb immediately after that verb to Be.

e.g.,- The students \_\_\_\_\_ afraid of the final tests.

A. usually are

**B. are usually**

C. is usually

D. usually is

Our doctor \_\_\_\_\_ his mobile.

A. has switched off rarely

**B. has rarely switched off**

C. rarely has switched off

D. never has switched off

1. My friend is very clever. He \_\_\_\_\_ passes the tests.

A. sometimes

**B. always**

C. never

D. seldom

**A. always** **B. sometimes**  
**C. never** **D. seldom**

**A. Have you seen ever** **B. Have you ever seen**

**C. Have you seen never** **D. Have you never seen**

**A. always** **B. never**

**C. sometimes** **D. often**

**A. always** **B. sometimes**

**C. never** **D. seldom**

**A. Do you do usually**

**B. Do you never do**

**C. Do usually you do**

**D. Do you usually do**