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- 1- One of the Gricean maxims is maxim of manner . which of the following explains it ?
- A. Make your contributions informative as is require
- B. Do not say that which you believe to be false
- C. Be relevant
- D. Be clear, brief and orderly
- 2- What defined as "the entry that is used to perform an action"?
- A. The instrument
- B. The experiencer
- C. The source
- D. The agent
- 3- What can be defined as the gradual mental representation of meaning or categorization ?
- A. prototype
- B. referring expression
- C. referent
- D. inference

- 4- The referring expression " cups of coffee " is consider
- A. a countable referent
- B. a unique referent
- C. a non -countable refer
- D. an abstract referent
- 5- What can be defined as the subsequent reference to an already introduced entity?
- A. Anaphora
- B. Antecedent
- C. Deixis
- D. Prototype
- 6- Which among these sentences involves a <u>secondary</u> referring expression?
- A. Your sister is pale
- B. That one is pale
- C. The big cat is pale
- D. This rose is pale

- 7- Determine the only spatial metaphor among the following sentence
- A. He shot down all of my arguments
- B. He is planting ideas in my head
- C. He is feeling down today
- D. He is living on borrow time
- 8- This can be defined as "two or more forms with very closely related meaning, which are often interchangeable in sentences." What is it?
- A. polysemy
- B. Hyponymy
- C. Synonymy
- D. Antonymy
- 9- Identify the pair of non-gradable antonyms among the followings
- A. rich and poor
- B. dress and undress
- C. male and female
- D. quick and slow

- 10- What is semantic/lexical relation between dog and animals?
- A. Synonymy
- B. prototype
- C. Hyponymy
- D. Collocations
- 11- It can be identified as changing the stress and the falling and rising tone while speaking. What is it?
 - A. Prosody
 - B. Implicature
 - C. Paralanguage
 - D. Gesture
- 12- What do you say about this sentence? "The horse ate the pizza "
 - A. It is syntactically odd but semantically good
 - B. It is both syntactically and semantically good
 - C. <u>It is syntactically good but semantically odd.</u>
 - D. It is both syntactically and semantically odd
- 13- What is the thematic role for the noun phrase "Sami"?
- " Sami played a short song with the guitar in her school"
 - A. theme
 - B. experiencer
 - C. agent
 - D. instrumental

14- What is the thematic role for the noun phrase "a short song"? "Sami played a short song with the guitar in her school

- A. Theme
- B. agent
- C. experiencer
- D. source

15- All these sentences have temporal deixis <u>except</u> for one. which one is it?

- A. Come back later
- B. I'm busy now
- C. You can eat over there
- D. Please, join me tomorrow

16- If someone asks you " Can you pass the big spoon? " while eating at the dining hall, this utterance is often interpreted as..

- A. a question
- B. direct speech
- C. a nice request
- D. an interrogation

17- Negative politeness is about respecting the negative face of other. An example of that is

- A. Apologizing
- B. thanking
- C. paying compliments
- D. indicating friendliness

- 18- Only one of these sentences contains an idiom. Which one is it?
 - A. I need to hit the book early tonight
 - B. I broke the foot of the bed
 - C. I wasted my time on this
 - D. I saw the water running
- 19- What is the semantic / lexical relation between taxi / cap?
 - A. Synonymy
 - B. Hyponymy
 - C. Homonymy
 - D. Homophony
- 20- Although both semantics and pragmatics are concerned with meaning, pragmatics is focused more on ...
- A. the conventional meaning
- B- the literal meaning
- C. the intended meaning
- D. the grammatical meaning
- 21- Connecting one utterance to another previous utterance unconsciously is known as ...
- A. Prototype
- B. Gesture
- C. Collocation
- D. Implicate

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- 22- Reversive is one type of antonym. Which among the following examples is reversive?
- A. happy and unhappy
- B. pack and unpack
- C. safe and unsafe
- D. fair and unfair
- 23- What is the semantic\lexical relation between (I running in my apartment because I heard a running water)
- A. Hyponymy
- B. Synonymy
- C. polysemy
- D. Homonymy
- 24- What a speaker assumes is true or known by a listener can be described as a...
- A. prototype
- B. deixis
- C. collocation
- D. presupposition

25- What is one obvious presupposition in this sentence: "Majed renewed his subscription to Sport magazine"?

- A. That his subscription has expired
- B. That Sport magazine is a cheap magazine
- C. That he reads Sport magazine everyday
- D. That renewing the subscription is easy

26- Imagine that an old man stops you on the street and asks you, "Do you have a watch? "What is the locutionary force in this scene?

- A. The utterance that he actually said.
- B. The intended meaning he had.
- C. The effect achieved by his utterance.
- D. The production of words that made up his utterance.
- 27- In the field of linguistics, politeness is mainly related to the concept of
- A. self
- B. face
- C. feeling
- D. tactfulness

28- All the following are examples of paralanguage except for:

- A. Nodding
- B. Laughing
- C. Giggling
- D. Crying

29- what is one obvious presupposition of a speak "I regret buying an apartment"

- A. That their apartment is old
- B. That they did not buy the apartment
- C. That they will sell the apartment
- D. That they bought that apartment

30- What are semantic features required for the subject of this sentence To go with her son to Italian restaurant

- A. [+Human, -Female, +Adult]
- B. [+Human, +Female, +Adult]
- C. [+Human, -Female, -Adult]
- D. [-Human, -Female, +Adult]

31- if laugh an example of paralanguage. A smile is example of : A. nice paralanguage B. nice gesture C. D. nice 32- the type of Anatomy, the negative of one member does not imply that other A. non-gradable B. gradable C. reversives D. synonyms 33- In speech, meanings are communicated not only by what is said but also by how it is said. An example of that is

A. prosody ✓

B. prototype

D. implicature

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C. non-verbal communication

34- By using the hedge "So, to cut a long story short awareness of

- A. The Quality Maxim
- B. The Quantity Maxim
- C. The Relation Maxim
- D. The Manner Maxim

35- Mom: Have you done your homework

Son: My bicycle is broken mom What

maxim does the son flout /violate in this conversation?

- A. The Maxim of Relation
- B. The Maxim of Quality
- C. The Maxim of Quantity
- D. The Maxim of Manner
- 36- What is the semantic\lexical relation between (he bet the flying bat used his big golf bat)
- A. Hyponymy
- B. Synonymy
- C. polysemy
- D. Homonymy

37- What is a pair or group of words that are often used together? A. Synonym B. Collocation C. Antonym D. Prototype 38- By starting an utterance with " Correct me if I'm wrong but...." The speaker is being maxim of A. Quality B. Relation C. Quantity D. Manner 39- The word race (as in the act of running competitively) and race (as in people belonging in the same ethnic group) are recognized as..... A. Synonymy B. Homophony C. Polysemy D. Homonymy

40- holding down a thumb from closed fist is a visual sign could be equivalent to saying

A. it's bad

B.

C. it's good

D.

41- Sally: how did you do in test of license?

Adam: I think that I'll never get the driving license

Α.

B. that she will fail in the exam

C. that he didn't do well

D.

42- What is the thematic role for the noun phrase "work" in the sentence?

"On her way to work, Sally saw a cat sitting on the tree "

A. location

B. source

C. goal

D. instrument

43- What is the thematic role for the noun phrase "Sally" in the sentence?

" On her way to work , Sally saw a cat sitting on the tree "

A. experiencer

B. agent

C. theme

D. source

44- on of the lexical relation type is Homophony, the definition is :

A. two or more same written forms have the different pronunciation

B. two or more different written form have same pronunciation

45- being vocal but not verbal:

A. Paralanguage