بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم اختبار نظرية الترجمة الفصل الثاني 1435 [أسئلة اختبار - نظرية الترجمة - احمد حليمة]

- 1) 1- Examples of frozen patterns of language are
- a. Verbs and nouns in a sentence
- b. Idioms and fixed expressions
- 2) 2- Translators tend to use machine translation in translating
- c. Computing text
- d. Technical text
- 3) 3- An abstraction obtained via the study of translated texts is called
- c. The language of translation
- b. The language of the writer of the source text
- 4) 4- Translation emphasis can swing between
- a. Source language and target language
- b. Source culture and language culture
- 5) 5- If the translator wants to emphasize the source language he or she should use
- c. Communicative ,sense for send , literal or faithful translation
- d. Semantic, literal ,faithful or word- for word translation
- 6) 6- As far as flexibility is concerned, semantic translation is considered
- d. More flexible than faithful translation
- c. Not a flexible translation
- 7) 7- Comparative linguistic constitutes the backbone of
- b. The theory of interpreting
- c. The theory of translation
- 8) 8- The definition of semantic is
- b. The allocation of signs to their real objects
- c. The relation between signs and their interpreter
- 9) 9- In translation the interpretation of the source text tends to
- a. Reflects the translator's linguistic abilities

- b. Reflects the translators religious belief
- 10) 10- Any theory should have the following main characteristics
- c. Determinism ,parsimony, reasoning and assumption
- d. Generality, Determinism, empiricism and parsimony
- 11) 11- The study of how people use and understand signs is called
- c. Phonetics
- d. Pragmatics
- 12) 12- Grammar is related to
- b. Semantics
- c. syntax
- 13) 13- Translation memory technology
- b. Allows the translator to store translations in a data base an recycle them
- c. Doesn't allow the translator to store translations in a data base an recycle them
- 14) 14- Morphology is related to
- c. The sounds of words
- d. The structure of words
- 15) 15- Pronunciation, vocabulary and sentences structure constitutes the
- b. The grammatical competence of the translator
- c. The semantic competence of the translator
- 16) 16- Generality as one of the main characteristics of "theory" means
- b. It must be aggressive
- c. It must be comprehensive
- 17) 17- The minimal formal element of meaning in language is
- a. Morpheme
- b. The word
- 18) 18- Art, history and astronomy books were translated from
- a. Persian into Arabic
- b. Greek into Arabic

- 19) 19- When we use technology in translation we tend to focus on
- c. Assisting translator to overcome their cultural problems
- d. Productivity and cost-effectiveness as well as improving quality
- 20) 20- The following main types of information indicates the form of the verb
- a. Time relation and space relation
- b. Time relation and aspectual differences
- 21) 21- In translation ecological culture refers to
- b. Hockey snooker and squash
- c. Flora, fauna and plains
- 22) 22- Interpretation can be defined as
- c. The communicative translation of a message across cultural and linguistic barrier
- d. The oral translation of a message across cultural and linguistic barrier
- 23) 23- In translation memory, the following types of segments matches exist
- a. An empty match an exact match and a fuzzy match
- b. An exact match , a full match and a fuzzy match
- 24) 24- When interpreting, the interpreter tends to focus mainly on
- c. Ideas and meanings
- d. Vocabulary and meaningsd.
- 25) 25- The method of translation adopted by Hunayan bin Ishaq was called
- b. The literal way method
- c. The free- way method
- 26) 26- "The period of translation" was called
- a. Muhammad Ali's time
- b. Caliph Al-Mansour's time
- 27) 27- As means of communication interpreting was used
- b. Just after translation
- c. Before translation
- 28) 28- By culture we generally meanb.
- b. People's way of life

- c. People's religion
- 29) 29- To reproduce the precise contextual meaning of the original text you
- a. Use faithful translation
- b. Use idiomatic translation
- 30) 30- In literal translation lexical words are translated
- a. To their TL equivalent
- b. Singly out of context
- 31) 31- Translation has the following major elements
- b. The SL, the ST, The interpreter, the language of translation and the TL
- c. the language of translation, SL,the ST,the translator, the TT and TL
- 32) 32- What are the main categories of translation problems
- a. Morpheme, word and above word level
- b. Sentence, text level and above word level
- 33) 33- Translation prospered and expanded in the time of
- a. Caliph AL- Ameen
- b. Caliph AL- Mamun
- 34) 34- Machine translation systems can be divided into the following
- c. Input system and special purpose system
- d. Human assisted MT and Unassisted MT
- 35) 35- Hercules received a message from Muhammad(PBBUH
- b. Written in Latin on a piece of animal skin
- c. Written on a piece of animal skin
- 36) 36- Communicative translation tends to emphasis
- a. The target language
- b. Neither the target language nor the source language
- 37) 37- Toledo in Spain replaced
- c. Cairo
- d. Baghdad

38) 38- Logical and medicine books were translated from
- a. Persian into Arabic - b. Greek into Arabic
- D. Greek into Arabic