اللغويات التطبيقية

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مقارنة بين أسئلة الاختبار النهائي

الفصل الثاني ١٤٣٧/١٤٣٥ و الفصل الأول ١٤٣٧/١٤٣٦ إعداد تهاويل

أسئلة الفصل الثاني ١٤٣٦/١٤٨هـ	أسئلة الفصل الأول ٤٣٦ / ٢٣٤ هـ
tries to develop the language and discourse skills - A. English for Academic Purposes (EAP) - B. English for Specific Purposes (ESP) - C. English for Special Purposes (ESP) - D. English for Occupational Purposes (EOP)	English for Specific Purposes (ESP) tries to develop the language andskills. - a. discourse - b. paralanguage - c. development - d. grammar
Linguistics is bound to representidealization of language rather than the way it is experienced in the real world. - A. a solid - B. a concrete - C. a stable	is bound to represent an abstract idealization of language rather than the way it is experienced in the real world - a. Pragmatic - b. Forensic Linguistics - c. Linguistics - d. Ethnography
The purpose of is to test global competence in a language. - A. proficiency test - B. placement test - C. achievement test - D. diagnostic test	The purpose of proficiency test is to test global
Is the academic discipline concerned with the relation of knowledge about language to decision making in the real world - A. Language Planning - B. Applied Linguistics - C. Syntax - D. Linguistics	Applied Linguistics Is the academic discipline concerned with the relation of knowledge about language to in the real world - a. decision making - b. recruitment - c. speech - d. writing
Social constructivism emphasizes the importance of social interaction and cooperative learning in constructing both cognitive and images of reality - A. representational - B. personal - C. fictional - D. emotional	Social constructivism emphasizes the importance of social interaction and in constructing both cognitive and emotional images of reality - a. Evaluation - b. cooperative learning - c. acquisition - d. development
In the, Language learning success is to be assessed by the ability to do things with the language, appropriately, fluently, and effectively - A. Communicative Method - B. The Direct Method - C. Grammar Translation approach	In the Communicative Method language learning success is to be assessed by the ability to do things with the, appropriately, fluently, and effectively. - a. purpose - b. language - c. practice
	discourse skills A. English for Academic Purposes (EAP) B. English for Specific Purposes (ESP) C. English for Special Purposes (ESP) D. English for Occupational Purposes (EOP) Linguistics is bound to represent

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	conversations, consultations, lessons, emails, Web	conversations, consultations, lessons, emails, Web
	pages, brochures, prayers, news bulletins, stories,	pages, brochures, prayers, news bulletins, stories, and
	and jokes are examples of	jokes are examples of
7	- A. linguistics	- a. paralanguage
	- B. genre	- b. pragmatics
	- C. pragmatics	- c. genre
	- D. paralanguage	- d. linguistics
	information is usually conveyed by	Cognitive information is usually conveyed by means of
8	means of linguistic devices.	devices
	- A. Negative	- a. Affective
	- B. Positive	- b. linguistic
	- C. Cognitive	- c. Positive
	- D. Affective	- d. assertive
	First-language explanation and translation were	First-language explanation and were not
	not possible in the	possible in the Direct Method
9	- A. Natural Language Learning	- a. communication
9	- B. Direct Method	- b. articulation
	- C. Grammar Translation Approach	- c. translation
	- D. Communicative Method	- d. assimilation
	Lexicography is the planning and compiling of both	is the planning and compiling of both
	monolingual and bilingual and other	monolingual and bilingual dictionaries and other
10	language reference works such as thesauri.	language reference works such as thesauri
	- A. references	- a. Corpus linguistics
	- B. dictionaries	- b. Theoretical linguistics
	- C. archives	- c. Lexicography
	- D. documents	- d. Discourse analysis
	Essay questions can be used to measure higher	say questions can be used to measure order
	order skills.	cognitive skills
11	- A. cognitive	- a. higher
	- B. integrative	- b. lower
	- C. interpretative	- c. alphabetical
	- D. communicative	- d. moderate
	True or false questions are moderately easy to	questions are moderately easy to write and
	write and easily	easily scored
12	- A. understood	- a. Essay
	- B. structured	- b. Multiple-choice
	- C. scored	- c. True or false
	- D. designed	- d. WH
	In subjective tests the learners ability or	In subjective tests the learners ability or performance
	are judged by examiner's opinion and judgment.	are judged byopinion and judgment.
13	- A. performance	- a. principals'
13	- B. look	- b. invigilators'
	- C. style	- c. candidates'
	- D. system	- d. examiners'
14	is one's underlying knowledge of the	competence is one's underlying of the system
	system of a language.	of a language
	- A. practice	- a. behavior
	- B. interaction	- b. interaction
	- C. competence	- c. knowledge
	- D. performance	- d. pattern

15	Language use is in many ways a naturalbeyond conscious control A. knowledge	is in many ways a natural phenomenon beyond conscious control
15		conscious control
15	- A. knowledge	
15		- a. Teaching
	- B. study	- b. Language use
	- C. theory	- c. Studying
	- D. phenomenon	- d. Description
	In Chomsky's view, the newborn infant brain	In Chomsky's view, the newborn infantalready
	already contains a	contains a Universal Grammar (UG)
	- A. General intelligence	- a. brain
16	- B. Universal Grammar (UG)	- b. exposure
	- C. Learning ability	- c. intelligence
	- D. Minimal exposure	- d. tongue
	Language competence test is a test that involves	Language competence test is a test that involves
	components of language such as vocabulary,	components of language such as vocabulary,
	grammar and	and pronunciation
17	- A. spelling	- a. listening
	- B. writing	- b. grammar
	- C. pronunciation	- c. writing
	- D. listening	- d. Spelling
	Second Language Acquisition research concerned	research concerned itself with both
	itself with both explaining and describing the	explaining and describing the process
	process of a second language.	of acquiring a second language
18	- A. teaching	- a. Genre analyzing
	- B. acquiring	- b. Corpus linguistics
	- C. overcoming	- c. Pragmatics
	- D. learning	- d. Second Language Acquisition
	Success was measured in the Grammar translation	Success was measured in the Grammar translation
	Approach in terms of the accurate use of	Approach in terms of the accurate use of grammar
	- A. syntax and morphology	and
19	- B. listening	- a. morphology
	- C. grammar and vocabulary	- b. vocabulary
	- D. communication	- c. listening
		- d. communication
	should elicit information on what	Diagnostic tests should eliciton what students
	students need to work in the future	need to work in the future
20	- A. Achievement tests	- a. conversation
	- B. Proficiency tests	- b. observation
	- C. Placement tests	- c. information
	- D. Diagnostic tests	- d. confirmation
	Feasibility is a concept concerned with	is a psychological concept concerned with
	limitations to what can be processed by the mind.	limitations to what can be processed by the mind.
21	- A. grammatical	- a. Consciousness
	- B. sociological	- b. Possibility
	- C. psychological	- c. Feasibility
	- D. morphological	- d. Attestedness
	Linguists' concern is knowledge as an end in itself	Linguists' concern is as an end in itself rather
	rather than with action based upon that	than with action based upon that knowledge
22	- A. knowledge	- a. knowledge
	- B. prescription	- b. activity
	- C. phenomenon	- c. prescription
	- D. activity	- d. phenomenon

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	when a child studies their home	first language education when a child studies their
	language or languages.	home
	- A. first language education	- a. language
23	- B. second language education	- b. country
	- C. foreign language education	- c. land
	- D. additional language education	- d. society
	Noam Chomsky introduced the term Generative	Noam Chomsky introduced the term in 1950s
	Linguistics in onward.	onward.
	- A. 1960s	- a. Generative Linguistics
24	- B. 1980s	- b. Lexicography
	- C. 1950s	- c. psycholinguistics
	- D. 1990s	
		- d. Forensic Linguistics
	The purpose of language aptitude test is to	The purpose oftest is to predict a person's
	a person's success to exposure	success to exposure to the foreign language
	to the foreign language	- a. Achievement
25	- A. assess	- b. language aptitude
	- B. predict	- c. Proficiency
	- C. match	- d. Diagnostic
	- D. estimate	
	Possibility means weather an instance conforms to	Possibility means weather an instance conforms to the
	the rules of	rules of grammar and
26	- A. grammar and pronunciation	- a. pronunciation
20	- B. pragmatics	- b. phonology
	- C. phonology	- c. syntax
	- D. syntax and morphology	- d. pragmatics
	The sociolinguist Dell Hymes offered	The sociolinguist Dell Hymes offered
	communicative competence in the late	in the late 1960s
~=	- A. 1980s	- a. communicative competence
27	- B. 1990s	- b. Genre Theory
	- C. 1970s	- c. Structuralism
	- D. 1960s	- d. Behaviorism
	The spread of English has generated intense	The spread of English has generated intense interest
	interest in the study of language pedagogy and of	in the study of and of second
	- A. First language learning	language acquisition
28	- B. first language acquisition	- a. language assessment
	- C. second language learning	- b. nuerolinguistics
	- D. second language acquisition	- c. lexicography
		- d. language pedagogy
	Clinical linguistics is the study and treatment of	is the study and treatment of speech and
	, whether hereditary developmental,	communication impairments , whether hereditary
	or acquired (through injury, stroke, illness, or age).	developmental, or acquired (through injury, stroke,
	- A. speech and understanding	illness, or age)
29	- B. communication	- a. Sociolinguistic
	- C. speech and error analysis	- b. Lexicography
	- D. speech and communication impairments	- c. Corpus linguistics
	- D. speech and communication impairments	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Content calcuted in manner referenced to the	- d. Clinical linguistics
	Content selected in norm-referenced tests is	selected in norm-referenced tests is chosen
30	chosen by how well it among students.	by how well it discriminates among students.
	- A. communicate	- a. format
	- B. achieve	- b. style
	- C. discriminates	- c. content
	- D. refers	- d. answer sheet

	أسئلة الفصل الثاني ٤٣٥/١٤٣٥هـ	أسئلة الفصل الأول ٤٣٦/١٤٣٩. هـ
31	should be limited to particular material addressed in a curriculum within a particular time frame. - A. Diagnostic tests - B. Proficiency tests - C. Placement tests	Achievement tests should be limited to particular material addressed in within a particular time frame. - a. a curriculum - b. scale - c. language
32	- D. Achievement testsis a clean slate bearing no preconceived notions about the world or about language A. Lingua franca - B. Paralanguage - C. Second Language Acquisition - D. Tabula rasa	 - d. formula Tabula rasa is a clean slate bearing no preconceived notions about the world or about - a. society - b. language - c. paralanguage - d. context
33	Literary stylistic is the study of the relationship between linguistic choices and effects on	is the study of the relationship between linguistic choices and effects on literature - a. Genre - b. Literary stylistic - c. Error analysis - d. Discourse analysis
34	The cheese the rat the cat the dog the man beat saw chased ate was green is an example of - A. possibility - B. attestedness - C. appropriateness - D. feasibility	The man the girl the child saw talked to was from Saudi Arabia , is an example of - a. feasibility - b. possibility - c. appropriateness - d. attestedness
35	Native Speakers are considered to be people who acquired the language naturally and effortlessly in	Native Speakers are considered to be people who acquired the language and effortlessly in childhood - a. similarly - b. manually - c. naturally - d. verbally
36	In	In structural linguistics Only "publicly observable response" could be subject to - a. information - b. investigation - c. simulation - d. standardization
37	The phrase "chips and fish" is an example of	The phrase " bread and butter " is an example of
38	A communicatively competent speaker may know the, be capable of following them, but nevertheless break them deliberately. - A. steps - B. rules - C. ideas - D. problems	A communicatively competent speaker may know the rules, be capable of following them, but neverthelessthem deliberately. - a. break - b. understand - c. apply - d. amend

	أسئلة الفصل الثاني ١٤٣٦/١٤٣٥ هـ	أسئلة الفصل الأول ٤٣١/١٤٣٠هـ
	raises awareness of how there is far	Literary Stylistics raises of how there is far
	more at stake in the use of language than the literal meaning of the words	more at stake in the use of language than the literal meaning of the words
39	- A. Literary Stylistics	- a. Interests
3)	- B. Psycholinguistics	- b. awareness
	- C. Applied Linguistics	- c. spirits
	- D. Sociolinguistics	- d. funds
	If a glass is described as "half full" or "half empty"	If a glass is described as "half full" or "half empty" this
	this is an example related to	is an example related to
	- A. Critical Discourse Analysis	- a. Semantics
40	- B. Semantics	- b. Pragmatics
	- C. Pragmatics	- c. Critical Discourse Analysis
	- D. Linguistics	- d. Linguistics
	Successful communication according to Dell Hymes	Successful communication according to Dell Hymes
	can be achieved by	can be achieved by possibility, feasibility,
	- A. appropriateness, and attestedness	appropriateness, and
41	- B. possibility, and feasibility	- a. consciousness
	- C. possibility, feasibility, and appropriateness	- b. attestedness
	- D. possibility, feasibility, appropriateness, and	- c. limitedness
	attestedness	- d. objectiveness
	The formal systems of language are	The formal systems of language are pronunciation,
	- A. translation and literature	grammar and
42	- B. pronunciation, grammar and vocabulary	- a. speaking & listening
42	- C. speaking & listening	- b. vocabulary
	- D. reading & writing	- c. reading & writing
		- d. translating and literature
	If a test gives consistent result it is	If a test gives result it is reliable
	- A. Valid	- a. persistent
43	- B. Practical	- b. consistent
	- C. Reliable	- c. different
	- D. Useful	- d. new
	The believed that neither explicit	In The Natural Language Learning believed that
	instruction nor conscious learning had	neither explicit nor conscious learning had
	any effect.	any effect.
44	- A. Direct Method	- a. hypothesis
	- B. Communicative Method	- b. approach
	- C. Grammar translation Approach	- c. instruction
	- D. Natural Language Learning	- d. theory
	A test is if it tests what it is supposed to	A test is valid if it tests what it is supposed to
	test.	- a. test
45	- A. valid	- b. share
	- B. practical	- c. mark
	- C. reliable	- d. master
	- D. useful	Laurence Testing in the constitution of the Co.
	is the practice and study of evaluating	Language Testing is the practice and study of
	the proficiency of an individual in using a particular	evaluating theof an individual in using a
4.0	language effectively.	particular language effectively
46	- A. Language Teaching	- a. consistency
	- B. Language Planning	- b. proficiency
	- C. Language Learning	- c. deficiency
	- D. Language Testing	- d. frequency

	أسئلة الفصل الثاني ه٣٦/١٤٣٥هـ	أسئلة الفصل الأول ٢٣٠/١٤٣٥هـ
47	The generative linguist was interested not only in describing language but also in arriving at an explanatory level of in the study of language. - A. adequacy - B. importance - C. discovery - D. observation	The was interested not only in describing language but also in arriving at an explanatory level of adequacy in the study of language - a. generative linguist - b. psycholinguist - c. sociolinguist - d. behavioral psychologist
48	The relatively permanent incorporation of incorrect linguistic forms into a person's second language competence has been referred to as	incorporation of incorrect linguistic forms into a person's second language competence - a. Stabilization - b. Imitation - c. Realization - d. Fossilization
49	In order to give a systematic description of context, Applied linguistics has drawn upon, and also developed A. corpus analysis - B. discourse analysis - C. sociolinguistics - D. semantics	In order to give a systematic description of context,has drawn upon, and also developed discourse analysis - a. Theoretical linguistics - b. Applied linguistics - c. Corpus Analysis - d. semantics
50	Three areas of study which contribute to discourse analysis are	Three areas of study which contribute to discourse analysis are paralanguage, pragmatics, and - a. genre studies - b. translation - c. literature - d. stylistics

أتمنى يكون عمل مفيد تحياتي تهاويل