

3) Discover, discovery, discoverer, discoverable, discoverability

- I

- I

- D

- D

- I

- D

4) Inventor, inventor's, inventors, inventors'

- D

- I

5) For each word below, indicate whether the word is morphologically simple (S) or Complex (C), includes an inflectional affix (IA), or includes a derivational affix (DA). a. Reader

- C - DA - S - IA 6) Redder - C-IA - S - DA 7) lavish - S-DA

- S

8) Readiness

- C DA
- C IA

9) Aviation

- S

- C - DA

10) Isolate the root and the affixes in the following words. For example: unpredictable : un+predict+able. a. independently

- in+dependen+tly

- in+dependen+ent+ly

- 11) recoverability
- recover+abil+ity

- re+covera+bility

12) embellishment

- em+belli+shment

- embellish+ment

- 13) unsustainability
- un+sustain+abil+ity
- un+sustain+ability

14) implementability

- implement+abil+ity

- im+plement+abil+ity

15) Some words in contain prefixes. Identify the prefixes by circling them. a. unable - able

- un

16) discourage

- dis
- one word

17) establish

- ish
- one word
- 18) receive

- one word

- re
- 19) strawberry
- one word
- compound word
- 20) The study of word structure is done in
- Phonology
- Morphology
- 21) The association between the sound of a word and its meanings is purely
- Conventional
- Controversial

22) Suppletion occurs when a lexeme is represented by two or more roots.

- Similar
- Different

23) When we derive one word from another, we

- Change its class, for example, from being a Verb into a Noun

- Change its tense, for example , from being Past into Present
- Both of the above
- 24) Roots are
- Always free
- NOT always free

25) is a morpheme that makes the most significant contribution to a word's meaning.

- The root
- The phoneme

26) 2. Tries to explain the unconscious knowledge that native speakers have of their own language.

- Systemic grammar
- Generative grammar

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27) The sentences 'Smith ate a sandwich' and 'a sandwich was eaten by Smith' are
identical in the deep structure
Identical in deep and surface structure
28) The sentence 'she drank the juice in the kitchen' has
One deep and one surface structure
Two distinct deep structures
29) Arabic is an example of ...... languages.
VSO
OVS
30) The syntactic head of a clause (IP) is :
V
V+I
31) ..... refers to the speakers' actual use of language in concrete situations
Competence
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- Performance