مدخل إلى الادب الامريكي – د.بسام أبو زيد



الواجب الاول

Read the following two stanzas and then answer the questions below. Once upon a midnight dreary, while I pondered weak and weary, Over many a quaint and curious volume of forgotten lore, While I nodded, nearly napping, suddenly there came a tapping, As of some one gently rapping, rapping at my chamber door. `'Tis some visitor,' I muttered, `tapping at my chamber door -Only this, and nothing more.' Ah, distinctly I remember it was in the bleak December, And each separate dying ember wrought its ghost upon the floor. Eagerly I wished the morrow; - vainly I had sought to borrow From my books surcease of sorrow - sorrow for the lost Lenore -For the rare and radiant maiden whom the angels named Lenore -Nameless here for evermore 1- These two stanza are taken from a long poem called ____ A. Melancholy **B. A Sleepless Narrator** C. The Raven **D. A Midnight Dreary** 2- Who is the poet of this poem? A. Washington Irving **B. Edgar Allan Poe C. Nathaniel Hawthorne D. Emily Dickinson** 3- In line one of the first stanza, there is a clear example of A. A simile

- B. Metaphor
- C. Paradox
- **D. Alliteration**

3	درجة الواجب الحاصل عليها:
usually was regarded as the first Ameri	can writer
William Bradford 🔾	
Anne Bradstreet	
Emily Dickinson 🔘	
Cap	tain John Smith 🔘
.Choose Irving's work	from the following
The last of	of the Mohicans 🔘
The Fall of The	House of Usher 🔘
The Day of Doom 🔘	
A Hist	ory of New York 🛇
.From the following, choose the work written I	oy Edgar Allan Poe
	Self Reliance 🔘
	The Raven O
	Give all to Love 🔘
	The Birthmark 🔘

الواجب الثالث

الواجب الثالث

Cross My old man's a white old man And my old mother's black. If ever I cursed my white old man I take my curses back. If ever I cursed my black old mother And wished she were in hell, I'm sorry for that evil wish And now I wish her well My old man died in a fine big house. My ma died in a shack. I wonder were I'm going to die, Being neither white nor black? Langston Hughes

.The poem talks about	, and a time period that Afri	ican Americans didn't have a say in any aspect of life at al
		False emotions 🔘
		Slavery 🖲
		Liberation 🔘
		His old mother 🔘
[]	The speaker is	, because he identifies himself as being a nobody
		Happy and wise 🔘
		Proud and vain 🔘
		Angry and confused
		ldentifiable and happy 🔘
		The author does not have a
		Self identity @
		Mother O
		Faith O
		Homeland
		Homeiana U
The title of the poem suggests that the speaker is confused betwee		
		Two problems 🔘
		Two competitions 🔘
		Two races @
		Two evil deeds 🔘

اسئلة اختبار

٥٥ سؤال مراجعة يقال انها اسئلة اختبار الاخ / غسان

الى الأدب الامريكي Introduction. To American Literature. رمز المقرر ٢٤٨٧ جامعة الملك فيصل جامعة الملك فيصل كلية الآداب – لغة انجليزية – انتساب مطور طلاب الدكتور بسام ابو زيد الدكتور بسام ابو زيد 0547755618 للكتروني حوال المقرر 1840 من نفسي والشيطان Office Hours: ان اصبت فمن الله وان اخطأت فمن نفسي والشيطان طبعا الاجوبة باللون الاحمر والأسئلة باللون المخالف و عدد اسئلة الاختبار ٥٠ سؤال ولكن هنا ما اسعفتني به الذاكرة واعتذر عن التقصير والخطأ

I - General Questions

1. American literature, its literary tradition begins as linked to the broader tradition of **English Literature**

2. Captain John Smith to be the first American author, when he wrote The General History of Virginia ,New England, and the Summer Isles.

3. Chose Irving's work from the following (A History of New York)

4. Washington Irving was the first American to gain an international literary reputation.

5. American literature in its true sense did not begin until 19th century

6. Poe, Emerson, and Hawthorne are near perfect representations for Romanticism.

7. American realism was idea in art, music and literature that showed through these different types of work, reflections of the time period.

8. Naturalism describes a type of literature that attempts to apply scientific principles of objectivity and detachment to its study of human beings.

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9. Modernism:

Marked by a strong and intentional break with tradition. This break includes a strong reaction against established Religious , political, and social views.

10. Harlem Renaissance was known as the ''New Negro Movement

11. Harlem Renaissance In its references to the black American past and experience of slavery, poetry of the era often alluded to African American spirituals

12. Harlem Renaissance features : The notion of "twoness"

II - Because I Could Not Stop for Death

13. Because I Could Not Stop for Death is A Poem by Emily Dickinson

14. "Because I Could Not Stop for Death" is a lyric poem on the theme of death

6

15. The journey to the grave begins in Stanza 1,

16. Theme of the poem seems to be that: death is not to be feared

17. house: Speaker's tomb

18. Tulle: Netting.

19. Rhyme in first stanzas is **ABCD**

20. Immortality: A passenger in the carriage.

21. Alliteration: gazing grain

22. Anaphora : We passed the school, where children stroveAt recess, in the ring; We passed the fields of gazing grain ,We passed the setting sun.

23. Personification: Comparison of the sun to a person

III - Hope is the Thing with Feathers

24. hope is like a bird because of its free and independent spirit

25. Use of the word "thing" denotes that hope is something abstract and vague.

26. Dickinson's poem further broadens the metaphor by giving hope delicate and sweet characteristics in the word "perches".

27. Dickinson's choice of the word perches also suggests that, like a bird, hope is planning to stay

28. The second stanza depicts hope's **continuous presence**

7 P

29. "gale," a horrible windstorm

30. And sings the tune—without the words," gives the reader a sense that hope is universal

V The Story of an Hour

31. The Story of an Hour By Kate Chopin

32. The story observes the classical unities of time, place, and action

33. Mrs. Mallard breaks down ,goes upstairs to a room to be alone. There she sits down and gazes out a window, sobbing. It is spring. Birds sing, and the trees burst with new life. It had been raining, but now patches of blue sky appear.

34. The theme of The Story of an Hour is Oppression

35. The opening sentence of the story foreshadows the ending

36. Point of View is Third Person

37. Symbol : Patches of Blue Sky : Emergence of her new life.

8

38. The phrase: Thing that was approaching to possess her : Metaphor/Personification

39. The phrase: Joy that kills : Paradox And Ironic

VI - The Tell-Tale Heart

40. When the narrator tells readers that he is not mad (sane)

41. Theme: Fear of discovery can bring about discovery

42. The story is told in first-person point of view

43. The story is told by an unreliable narrator

44. Personification : Death in approaching him had stalked with his black shadow before him and enveloped the victim. [Here, Death is a person.]

45. Simile : The simile is the comparison of the ray to the thread of the spider.

VII - The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn

46. The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn is By Mark Twain

47. *Protagonist*: Huckleberry Fin *and Antagonist*: Society and Its Rules and Laws

48. Jim: The escaped slave.

49. Widow Douglas: Kindly but straitlaced woman who takes Huck into her home.

50. Miss Watson : The widow's sister and owner of Jim.

51. Huckleberry Finn tells the story in first-person point of view.

52. Theme is Freedom

53. Intuitive Wisdom : comes from the heart

VIII – Trifles

54. Trifles is A Play by Susan Glaspell

55. Mrs. Hale finds a box containing a piece of silk wrapped around a dead bird

56. Minnie Foster Wright: Wife of John Wright and hisaccused murderer.

10

57. Symbol Cage: John Wright's oppression



٤ ٥ سؤال مراجعة

1-Some consider him to be the American author a-Mark Twain b-James Fenimore c-Toni Morrision d- John Smith.

2-Johen Smith wrote : **a- The General Historie of Virginia b-Leatherstocking c-The Lengend of Hollow d-The Fall of the House of Usher**

3-The First Widely read American author :
a- John Smith
b- Benjamin Franklin
c- Irving
d- Mark Twain

4- Washington Irving :
a-General Historie of Virginia
b-New England
c- The Legend of the Sleepy Hollow
d-Leatherstocking Tale

5-Most critics hold that the history of American literature can divided into

a-7 b- 5 c- 8

d-6

6- Broke form poetic tradition and brought a sense of individuality :

a- Emily Dickinson and Mark Twain.

b- Emily Dickinson and John

C- John and Benjamin

d-Emily Dickinson and Walt Whitman

7- Wrote early romantic and nature-inspired poetry
a- Irving
b- Edger Allen
c-Diedrich
d-Bryant

8-In 1832 Poe began writing a- Nove b-Short stories c-Humorous work d-Fiction work

9- The Romantic rationalism and religious



a- accepted b-rejected

10 - Wrote '' The Sovereignty and Goodness of Good

a-John Winthrop b- John Smith c- Anne Bradstreet d- Mary Rowlandson

11- Story is categorized sa an autobiography and captivity narrative.
a- Anne
b- William Penn
c- Benjamin
d-Mary Rowlandson

12-..... writers also used religion to show the religious tension between the Colonial settlers and Native Americans a- Puritan b- None Puritan c- Romantic d-Realism

13- "Preparatory Mediations " wrote by
a- Anne
b- Pastor Edward
c-Mary Rowlandson
d- Johan Winthrop

14- In this period of time Books as cost came down a- Romantic Era

b-Realism Era. c-colonial period d-modernism period

15- The period saw an increase in female author and female readers
a- Romantic Era
b-Realism Era.
c-colonial period
d-modernism period

16...... are near perfect representations for Romanticism
a- Mary , William
b-John Smith , Anne
c-Bryant ,Diedrich
d-Poe, Emerson and Hawthorne

17-" Self Reliance "..... espouses the ideas of Transcendentalism
a- Poe
b- Howthorne
c- May
d-Emerson

18-" Give All to Love " wote bya- Poeb- Howthornec- Mayd-Emerson

19-'' The Birtmark ''..... wrote by a- Poe

b- Howthorne c- May d-Emerson

19-" The Raven "..... wrote by a- Poe b- Howthorne c- May d-Emerson

20-Was the common thing for Romanticism writers . a-Individualistic b-freedom

21- Wrote "Young Goodman Brown", The Scarlet Letter", "House of Green Gable
a- Edger
b- James Fenimore
c- Irving
d-Nathaniel Hawthorne

22- One of the anti-romantics.
a- Poe
b- Whashington
c-Emily Dickinson
d- Hawthorne

23-" Narrative of the Arthur Gordon Rym", "A Tell Tale Heart " wrote by a-Edger Allen Poe b- Henry David Thoreau c-James Fenimore d- Irving

24- Is the father of American Literature , saw the country as a escape from city life and fought for copyright a- Anne b- Hawthorne c- Washington Irving d-James Fenimre

25- Was the father of Americans novel who wrote -The last of Mohicansa- Emily Dickison
b- Hawthorne
c- Edger
d- James Fenimore

26- The inventor of the American short story .
a-James fenimore cooper
b- Henry David
c- Edgar Allan Poe
d- Emily

27- One of The bridge poets between American Romanticism and the 20th who wrote -Leave of Grass , Frankilin Evans a-Henery David b-Emily Dickinson c- Edgar d- Walt whaitman

28-One of The bridge poets between American Romanticism and the 20th who wrote '' My versealive

a-Henery David b-Emily Dickinson c- Edgar d- Walt whaitman

29- He was a practical transcendentalist and wrote -Civil Disobedience a-Henery David b-Emily Dickinson c- Edgar d- Walt whaitman

30- Like all terms relating to literary movement , the is loose and somewhat equivocal a-Realism b-Romanticism c- naturalism d- modernism

31- American Began as reaction to and a rejection of Romanticism
a-Realism
b-Romanticism
c-Naturalism
d-colonial

32- The movement was centered in fiction particularly the novel
a- Realism
b- Naturalism
c-modernism
d-post-modernism

33-..... is literary movement that became popular in late -nineteenth -century is often associated with literary realism a-Naturalism b-romanticism c-colonial period d-modernism

34- The term naturalism was initially coined by
a- Anne
b-John Smith
c- Emile Zole
d-Emily Dickison

35- Viewed as a combination of realism and romanticism
a-modernism
b- post -modernism
c-colonial period
d-naturalism

36- depicts a character's actions as determined by environment forces
a-Naturalism
b-realism
c- modernism
d- romanticism

37- Phrase " human beats " characters can be studied through their relationships to their surrounding, this phrase for a- Aneeb- Emerson

c- Poe d-Emile Zola

38- The naturalistic novel usually contains
tensions
a-3
b-4
c-6
c-2

39-The romantic vision of " nature did betray the heart that loved her a-Walcutt
b- Emile
c- John
d-Wordsworth

40-identifies survival, determinism , violence , and taboo as key them a-Stephen Crane b-Emile Zola c- Emily Dickinson d-Walcutt

41- The Open Boat , is forewhich show the serenity of nature amid the struggles of the individual a-Walcutt b-Stephen Crane c- Emile d- Norris

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42- Life is un ordered.....a- Modernism

b-realism c-naturalism d-romanticism

43-Because I could Not Stop for Death wrote by a- Emily Dickinson b-Emile Zole c- Claude McKay d-Langstons Hughes

44-Emily Dickinson born and dead a-1830- 1866 b- 1830 - 1886 c-1803- 1896 d- 1800- 1186

45- How many stanzas in the Because I could Not Stop for Death a-8 b-6 c-3 d-4

46- The stanza which has lines called a quatrain a-4 b-8 c-6 d-3

47- The first published for Because I Could Not Stop for death a- 1895 b-1886 c-1830 d-1890

48- Who wrote Hope is Thing with Feathers
a-Emily Dickinson
b- Emile Zole
c-Claude Limns
d-langston

49- Who wrote The Negro Speaks of Revers a-Emily Dickinson
b- Emile Zole
c-Claude Limns
d-Langston hughes

50- wrote - If we Must Die. a-Emily Dickinson b- Emile Zole c-Claude Limns d-langston

51- Is the repetition of initial sounds in neighboring words such as - sweet smell of success
a-Alliteration
b- Anaphora
c- Metaphor
d-simile

52- The comparison of two UNLIKE things. without using adverb of comparison , as , likea-Alliterationb- Anaphora

c- Metaphor d-simile

53-Who wrote The story of an Hour a- Kate Chopin b-Emily Dickinson c- Emile Zole d-Claude Limns

54-When The story of an Hour Published

M

22 P

a-1890 December 8

b-1851 December 9

c-1904 December 5

d-1894 December 6