Because I Could Not Stop for Death

.. In the last line ,fifth stanza,mound, in this context means -1

A- The speaker's grave

- B- A swelling of the ground
- C- A pile of destruction
- D- The speaker' s marriage

فيه جدل حول الحل الصحيح انا اخترت الاول

....The general theme of the poem seems to be that -2

<u>A- Death is not be feared</u>

- **B- Life is comfortable**
- C- Life is not pleasant when you got old
- **D- Death is fearful**

.....What is the figure of speech in -3

- .We passed the setting sun
- ;Or rather, he passed us
- A- Anaphora
- **B- Alliteration**
- C- Irony
- **D- Simile**

.....The rhyme scheme of the first stanza is -4

<mark>A- abcb</mark>

B- aabb

C- abcc

D- abcd

?In the first line of furth stanza, what dose quivering, means -5

A- fitting

B- forgetting

C- trembling

D- growing

The Story of an Hour

?What might Mrs. Mallard's ailment symbolize -6

A- her inability to see things as they are

B- her inability to filter out less important things in life

C- her unhappiness and troubling

"D- "the Dream of a Woman

?What is significant about the story's setting -7

.<mark>A- The story is set in a time period that afforded women very few rights</mark>

- B- It takes place in a large house
- C- The story is set in a time period that gave women their right
- D- The setting makes no difference

How could we best characterize Brently Mallard -8

.A- He is an abusive husband who deserves to die in a fiery train wreck

B- He is a dishonest man who set up the train wreck story so he could scare his .wife and kill her

.<mark>C- He is a typical husband in the late 19th-century</mark>

.D- He is a true lover

?Who brought the news of Mr. Mallard's death -9

A- A friend of Mr. Mallard's

B- Josephine

- **C- Louise**
- D- Mrs. Mallard's friend
- ? What is the story's point of view -10
- A- First person
- <u>B- Third-person limited</u>
- **C- Self conscious**
- **D- Second person objective**

The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn

- : The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn was first published in -11
- A- 1884
- B- 1885
- C- 1774
- D- 1700

لا توجد اجابة تتضمن هذه التواريخ فى المذكرة يجب تقديم ملاحظه من خلال خدمات الطلاب لاحتساب الدرجة للجميع

Huck Finn and Tom Sawyer each received..... dollars when they found robbers -12 :had hidden in the cave

- A- 12000 dollars
- B- 3000 dollars

C- 6000 dollars

D- no money

فيه جدل حول الحل الصحيح انا اخترت الثالث

....Huck's Pap returns becuase he -13

A- wants Huck's money

- B- misses his son
- C- wants revenge on Judge Thatcher
- D- all of the above

....Tom Sawyer has the other boys from a band of -14

A- beggars

<u>B- robbers</u>

C- seducers

D- pirates

<u>The Tell-tale Heart</u>

? How was the man feeling at the opening of the story -15

A- Angry

<u>B- Nervous</u>

- C- Hungry
- **D- Sensitive**

?What sense was acute in the beginning of the story -16

A- Smell

B- Love

C- Hearing

D- Sight

?Why did the man kill the old man -17

A- For his gold

B- Because of his pale blue eye

C- Because the old man wronged him

D- Because the old man was sane

?How did the man kill the old man -18

- A- By smothering him with a pillowr
- B- By choking him with his hands
- C- By a piece of rope
- **D- By pulling the heavy bed over him**

?Where did the man put the old man's body parts after he killed him -19

A- Under the planks in the floor

- B- In the old man's garden
- C- In the old man's closet
- D- Under the bed

?How did the police find out the man had killed the old man -20

- A- A neighbor said he saw the man kill the old man
- B- The police found the body on their own as they searched the house
- C- The man acted as a murder

"!D- The man shrieked "I admit the deed

Trifles

?What do the men do as they first enter the room -21

A- Sit down on the chairs

B- Warm up at the stove

- C- Find a bite to eat
- D- Stand by the door

?Why does Hale originally visit John Wright's farmhouse -22

<u>A- He wants to install a telephone</u>

- B- He wants to invite Hale to a party
- C- He wants to ask Hale about the crops
- D- He is bringing Hale some food

What dose Hale observe about the relationship between John and Minnie -23 ? Wright

A- What Minnie wants makes no difference to John

- B- They never talk to each other
- C- They love each other very much
- D- They are too busy in their individual lives
- ?How dose John Wright die -24
- A- Gunshot wound
- B- Strangling by rope
- C- Axe blows
- **D- Disease**

?Where do the men first investigate after leaving the kitchen -25

A- The barn

<u>B- The bedroom</u>

C- The windows

D- The basement

?Where does the play primarily take place -26

- A- The detective's house
- <u>B- The kitchen</u>
- C- The bedroom
- D- The police station

?What was Mrs. Wright's name before she was married -27

- A- Miss Wright
- <u>B- Minnie Foster</u>
- **C- Anne Foster**
- **D- Millie Peters**

?Who discovered the murder of Mr. Wright -28

A- Lewis Hale, neighbour

- B- Mrs. Wright
- C- Mrs. Peters
- **D- Attorney, George Henderson**

General Qeustions

....American literature began in its true sense in the -29

A- nineteenth century

- **B- eighteenth century**
- C- twentieth century
- **D- seventeenth century**

...American literary tradition began as linked to the broader tradition of -30

- A- Spanish literature
- **B- French literature**

<u>C- English literature</u>

D- German literature

usually was regarded as the first American writer......... -31

- **A- Anne Bradstreet**
- **B- William Bradford**
- C- Emily Dickenson
- **D- Captain John Smith**

- A- Benjamin Franklin
- **B- Hemingway**

C- Washington Irving

D-Emily Dickenson

The notion of "twoness" a divided awareness of one's identity, is one of the -33features of

- A- Realism
- **B-** Romanticism
- C- Harlem Renaissance
- **D- Naturalism**

There is no such thing as absolute truth. All things are relative. This is one of -34the characteristics of

- A- Romanticism
- **B- Realism**
- <mark>C- Modernism</mark>
- **D- Harlem Renaissance**

....one of the common themes and elements realism is -35

- A- ordinary speech in dialect---use of vernacular
- **B- love--sensation**
- C- ancient or old traditional life
- D- business people ---people of high class

describes a type of literature that attempts to apply scientific principles -36 of objectivity and detachment to its study of human beings

- A- Realism
- **B- Modernism**
- <u>C- Naturalism</u>
- **D- Romanticism**

concerns himself with the here and now, centering his work in his own -37 .time, dealing with common-place everyday events and people

A- Romantic

B- Realist

C- Modernist

D- Naturalist

...American Realism began as a reaction to and a rejection of -38

<u> A- Romanticism</u>

B- Modernism

C- Naturalism

D- Harlem Renaissance

literature of the common-place, ordinary people--poor and middle class, recent -39 or contemporary life, democratic function of literature, and local color arecommon themes and elements in

A- Harlem Renaissance

- **B- Naturalism**
- C- Modernism

<u>D- Realism</u>

-Henry James is a representative of -40
- **A- Harlem Renaissance**
- **B- Romanticism**

<u>C- Realism</u>

D- Emile Zola philosophy

writers used a version of the scientific method to write their novels:... -41

A- Harlem Renaissance

B- Romantic

<u>C- Naturalistic</u>

D- Realistic

.A.....depicts a characters actions as determined by environmental forces -42

A. realist

B. modernist

C. naturalist

D. romantic

in Literature is not a chronological designation; rather it consists of literary -43 work possessing certain loosely defined characteristics

A- Harlem Renaissance

B- Naturalism

<u>C- Modernism</u>

D- Realism

is often associated with realism, which also seeks to accurately represent 44 human existence

- A- Romanticism
- B- Modernism
- **C- Harlem renaissance**

<u>D- Naturalism</u>

Modernist American literature produced during the time reflects such themes -45 of.....

A- destruction and chaos

- B-love and emotion
- C- loneliness and isolation
- D- construction and order

Hope is the thing with feathers

The line "And sings the tune-without the words" gives the reader a sense -46that

A- Hope is like word

B- Hope is universal

- C- Hope is not like words
- D- Hope is a singing bird

.....The poet's use of the word "thing" indicates that hope is something -47

A- abstract and vague

- B- like an extended grieve
- C- inanimate
- **D- concrete and clear**

- ? What dose Dickinson compare the bird to -48
- A- Discomfort and grief because it's like a dream
- **B- Dependence**
- **C- Other birds with feathers**

<mark>D- Hope</mark>

.. In line two ,first stanza, the word "perches" means -49

A- settles

- **B- flusters**
- C- dies
- **D- passes on**
-According to the last line of poems, Dickinson feels that hope -50
- A- is selfish for not sharing its crumbs with her
- B- is a bird that eats crumbs when its hungry
- C- is like crumbs-small and unimportant
- D- gives and asks for nothing in return

تمت بحمد الله وتوفيقه

شكرا (ربي يوفقنا على تعديل اسئلة 35 - 42 - 44)

اتمنى من الزملاء اللاحقين ان يتأكدوا من بعض الحلول التي حولها جدل (1 و 12) وذلك من خلال المحاضرات المباشرة دون التطرق الى انه احد اسئلة هذا الترم

في النهاية اتمنى التوفيق والنجاح للجميع

تحياتي Nasser