

LECTURE 1

<p><i>The Literature of the Seventeenth Century may be divided into....._periods</i></p> <p><i>three -1</i></p> <p><i>two -2</i></p> <p><i>-four -3</i></p>	2
<p>;<i>The first period of the 17th C.L. was</i></p> <p><i>.the Restoration Period or the Age of Dryden(1660-1700) -1</i></p> <p><i>The Puritan Age or the Age of Milton(1600-1800) -2</i></p> <p><i>The Puritan Age or the Age of Milton (1600-1660) -3</i></p>	3
<p>;<i>The Puritan Age or the Age of Milton (1600-1660) divided to</i></p> <p><i>the Jacobean and Caroline periods -1</i></p> <p><i>the hennerly and elizabeth periods-2</i></p> <p><i>the restoration and decay periods -3</i></p>	1
<p>;<i>The second period of the 17 C.L was</i></p> <p><i>The Puritan Age or the Age of Milton (1600-1660 -1</i></p> <p><i>the Restoration Period or the Age of Dryden(1660-1700) -2</i></p> <p><i>The Puritan Age or the Age of Milton(1600-1800) -3</i></p>	2
<p><i>The Seventeenth Century was marked byof the Renaissance spirit</i></p> <p><i>the decline -1</i></p> <p><i>the growth-2</i></p> <p><i>emergence-3</i></p>	1
<p><i>One very important and significant feature of this new spirit of observation and analysis was the popularization of the art</i></p> <p><i>.....of</i></p> <p><i>painting-1</i></p> <p><i>dancing-2</i></p> <p><i>biography -3</i></p>	3
<p>;<i>The kind of art that is account of someone's life , called</i></p> <p><i>scines fiction-1</i></p> <p><i>biography -2</i></p> <p><i>painting-3</i></p>	2
<p><i>The Seventeenth Century up to 1660 was dominated</i></p> <p><i>.....by</i></p> <p><i>Puritanism -1</i></p> <p><i>decline-2</i></p> <p><i>growth-3</i></p>	1
<p>;<i>The main concern of the puritan movement at that time was</i></p>	3

teaching people how to write-1 collect money and fortune-2 <i>liberty of the people from the unjust ruler and introduce -3</i> <i>.the morality and high ideals in politics</i>	
; The <i>Puritanism</i> aimed at making people more educated-1 making women more liberal-2 making men honest and free -3	3
.....Milton and Cromwell were the real criminals-1 artists-2 champions of liberty and stood for toleration -3	3
The <i>Puritanism</i> became a..... movement unfaire-1 national -2 limited-3	2
In literature of the Puritan age,..... was the noblest representative of the Puritan spirit to which he gave a most .lofty and enduring expression John Milton-1 william shakespeare-2 ellizabith-3	1
The puritan poetry, also called thepoetry the Elizabethan-1 the Jacobean and caroline-2 the renaissance-3	2
<i>Poetry of the school of Spenser -1</i> <i>Poetry of the Metaphysical school-2</i> <i>Poetry of the Cavalier -3</i>These are the three parts of the elizabethan poetry-1 the renaissance poetry-2 the puritan poetry-3	3
George Herbert(1593-1633) is the most widely read of all poets ; belonging to the metaphysical school because of his charm-1 his complicated expression-2 the clarity of his expression and the transparency of his -3 conceits	3

<i>.was the greatest poet of the Puritan age</i> milton-1 shakespeare-2 ben Jonson-3	1
<i>.....The greatest dramatist of the Jacobean period was</i> milton-1 shakespeare-2 ben Jonson-3	3
<i>Bacon, Burton, Milton, Sir Thomas Browne, Jeremy Taylor and</i> <i>.Clarendon were The great writers in the Puritan Age</i> <i>poetry-1</i> <i>prose -2</i> <i>drama -3</i>	2
<i>In Puritan Age , For the first time the great scholars began to</i> <i>.....write in</i> <i>.English rather than Latin -1</i> french rather latin-2 italian rather latin-3	1