

مراجعہ الفكر والثقافہ من ٧ الى ١٤

1-The Industrial revolution caused new sources of wealth to emerge.
Many new families tried to imitate the behaviour of ____

a-the old rural aristocracy.

b-upper class

2- The British Class System

a-the upper classes,

b- the middle classes

c-the working classes

d-all

4-18 and 19th Century Novels of this era are often about:

a-how the lower working classes.and middle classes interact.
There are many novels of this era that are about people from lower classes
'social climbing' in good and bad ways.

b- how the upper classes and middle classes interact.
There are many novels of this era that are about people from lower classes
'social climbing' in good and bad ways.

5- The period of time from 1714 to 1837 is called the „Georgian Era' because:

a- it is the time of the reign
of George I, George II, George III and George IV.

b- All residents of the area had their name George

5- Jane Austen. Was:

a- Victory

a- **Georgian**

6- Georgian Architecture' meaning

a- a particular way of building houses, especially among the upper classes.

b- Approach to teaching literature

7- Jane Austen famous for

a- Greed and injustice

b- **Pride and Prejudice**

8- The main characters in Pride and Prejudice

a- **Mr Darcy and Elizabeth Bennet**

c- Marlowe and Cortez

9- The Victorian Era (or age) was named after

a- **Queen Victoria**

b- Queen Elizabeth

10- **Victorian Age was**

a- Silver Age for Britain

b- **Golden Age' for Britain**

11- British Empire and she is seen as one of Britain's greatest Monarchs (Kings or Queens). Because of

a- **the effect of population growth it was a time of difficulty for the poor, especially the poor of the cities.**

b- The rule of security and trade

12- Charles Dickens was an English novelist He created some of the world's most memorable fictional characters like

a- Darcy and Elizabeth

b- **Scrooge and Oliver Twist.**

13- Charles Dickens describe a situation of great poverty on:

a- **Dickensian Scene**

b- Oliver Twist

14- **A Tale of Two Cities** It talks about

a- Nature

b- **the brutality and violence of France before the revolution and then talks about the how the revolutionaries become just as brutal and violent after the revolution.**

15- The rules of how people should behave in a social situation are

- a. Politeness
- b. fun
- c. etiquette

16-. The 'Georgian Era' was named after the _____ of the time:

- a. Kings
- b. politicians
- c. poets

17-. The main male character in 'Pride and Prejudice' is Mr.:

- a. Smith
- b. Benet
- c. Darcy

18- 4. Charles Dickens was the greatest _____ of the Victorian age:

- a. Poet
- b. novelist
- c. playwright

19- Sidney Carton's death at the end of 'A Tale of Two Cities' is an example of:

- a. revolution
- b-insubordination
- c. sacrifice

20-The United States of America

- a- (3rd largest) In terms of population
- b- (2nd largest) In terms of population

21- The American Revolutionary War sometimes called
a Industrial Revolution

b-American War of Independence

22-George Washington

- a- the first President of the United States and Founding Father
- b- Father of Liberalism

23- Who wrote **American Declaration of Independence**

- a- John Adams and Thomas Jefferson
- b- George Washington

24- In the early 19th Century a

a- large 'abolitionist' movement started which was based in the North of the USA.

c- World War 1

25- the forces of the North called

a- Unionists

b- Confederates

26- of the 'American War of Independence?'

a. Slavery

b. language

c. taxation

27- 3. George Washington came from a _____ background:

a. rich

b. poor

c. urban

28- Between 1812 and 1815 America fought a war with:

a. Spain

b. France

c. Great Britain

29- Gettysburg was also famous as a:

a. battlefield

b. mansion house

c. theatre

30- The rule of the East Indian Company became the 'British Raj' after which event?

a. The Indian Munity

b. The Civil War

c. The Indian Depression

31- The woman that accuses Dr. Aziz in 'A Passage to India' is called:

a. Mrs. Moore

b. Adela Quested

c. Mrs. Fielding

32. The 'British Raj' was an _____ part of the British Empire.

- a. difficult
- b. boring
- c. important

33- Another name for the 'Scramble for Africa' could be:

- a. African food
- b. race for colonies in Africa
- c. confusion in Africa

34. 'Heart of Darkness' talks about the psychological effects of the clash between civilisation and

- a. savagery
- b. colonialism
- c. commerce

35- The capital of Ireland is:

- a. London
- b. Edinburgh
- c. Dublin

36-. Ulysses is a _____ novel:

- a. short
- b. complicated
- c. boring

37- James Joyce was part of which literary movement?

- a. modernism
- b. romanticism
- c. realism

38. The 1st World War inspired a lot of:

- a. footballers
- b. playwrights
- c. poets

5. Rupert Brooke grew up in the _____ of England:

- a. center
- b. south coast
- c. north coast