التعمل الثاني 1435/1434 E السوذج: E a. quantifier b. article c. demonstrative d. possessive 2. "This question is easy." What is the type of the underlined determiner? a. quantifier b. article

- c. demonstrative
- d. possessive

3. Which of the following pronouns is 1st person?

a. I

- b. it
- c. they
- d. you

4. Which of the following are always singular?

- a. mass nouns
- b. count nouns
- c. pronouns
- d. demonstratives

5. Which of the following is a neuter pronoun in English?

a. he b. her c. she d. it النموذج: E

القواء

الفصل الثاني 1435/1434هـ

6. "He drinks coffee every morning." What is the form of the finite verb?

- a. base form
- b. past form
- c. present participle form
- d. 3rd person singular form

7. "The manager talked to them." What is the form of the finite verb?

- a. base form
- b. past form
- c. present participle form
- d. 3rd person singular form

8. "He is making a toy out of wood." What is the form of the non-finite verb?

- a. present participle form
- b. past participle form
- c. infinitive
- d. bare infinitive

9. "The window is broken." What is the form of the non-finite verb?

- a. present participle form
- b. past participle form
- c. infinitive
- d. bare infinitive

10. A finite clause is a clause which has

a. a finite verb.b. a non-finite verb.c. an infinitive verb.d. an irregular verb.

الفصل الثاني 1435/1434هـ

نداعد والمنظومة النحوية

11. An exclamation is one of the types of

- a. words.
- b. phrases.
- c. verbs.
- d. sentences.

12. "He is not here." This statement is

- a. negative
- b. affirmative
- c. interrogative
- d. imperative

13. "How often do you visit here?" This sentence is

a. a statement.b. a question.c. a command.d. an imperative.

14. "Hurry up before the train leaves." This sentence is

a. a command.
b. an interrogative.
c. a question.
d. a statement.

15. Verbs that take NO objects are called

a. monotransitive.b. ditransitive.c. intransitive.d. transitive.

القواعد

النموذج: E

16. Which of the following is a proper noun?

a. pen b. friend c. Ahmed d. milk

17. Which of the following is a mass noun?

- a. pen
- b. friend
- c. Ahmed
- d. milk

18. When a word like "family" is used to refer to a group, it is called

- a. a collective noun
- b. a proper noun
- c. a reflexive pronoun
- d. an indefinite pronoun

19. Complete the following sentence: "Fruit juice good or health."

- a. its
- b. is
- c. are
- d. their

20. Complete the following sentence: "His family moved to _____ new hor

a. it's b. is c. are

d. their

به والمنظومة النحوية الفصيل الثلابي 1435/1434هـ 21. Which of the following is used to describe people and things? موذج: ٤ 26. V a. the a. nouns b. 01 b. adjectives c.a c. prepositions 22. "The student was fully awake during the important lecture." What is th_{e} d. (27 attributive adjective in this sentence? th

a. important b. during

c. was

d. student

23. "The student was fully awake during the important lecture." What is the predicative adjective in this sentence?

a. lecture b. awake c. important d. the

24. "This is a big _____." Supply the missing noun that can be modified by the adjective "big".

a. building b. water c. sugar d. juice

25. Choose the sentence with an adjective that is the head of a nominal grou

a. He is a careless driver.

b. He found Ahmed very intelligent.

c. We gave money to the poor.

d. The police found the driver guilty.

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التعريمة التعرية

عراجه والمنظرمة التعرية

26. Which of the following is a conjunction?

a. the

b. on

c. also

d. or

27. "My father went to Makkah but my mother did not go with him." What is

the coordinating conjunction in this sentence?
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a. my

b. to

c. not d. but

28. What is the role of conjunctions in English sentences?

- a. They remove grammatical units from a sentence.
- b. They connect grammatical units in a sentence.
- c. They complement a grammatical unit in a sentence.
- d. They simplify sentences.

29. "Saleh and Ali crossed the street." In this example, there is coordination of

a. phrases.

b. words.

c. sentences.

d. clauses.

30. All the clauses in a compound sentence (coordination) are

- a. independent.
- b. dependent.
- c. complex.
- d. optional.

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النصل الثاني 1435/1434 E النصل الثاني E المعادي B C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	mam." The up
Die when I was in Date	main. The underlinen E:
a solution friends came to visit me	36. The p
- clause is	Le used
	2010-
a. optional.	only
b. dependent. c. independent.	1 0013
d. complement.	am." The underlined 37. Pe
 c. independent. d. complement. 32. "My friends came to visit me but <u>I was in Damm</u> 	31
32. "My friends came to	a. obj
clause is	b. pl
a. complex.	e. hi
b. complement.	d. i
c. independent.	
	38 stie the functi
d. dependent. 33. "Everyone could see that he was frightened." W	hat is the function of the
33. "Everyone could see that he was	a
subordinate clause?	
a. subject	
b. object	
c. complement	Parkety By Draw Byterers State
d. appositive	
i muste	ry." What is the function
34. "What caused the accident is a complete myste	- J
the subordinate clause?	
a. subject	
b. object	
c. complement	
	and the standard in a comm
d. appositive	
35. "That-clauses usually begin with "that" and w	h-clauses usually begin with
" Choose the best answer.	• 0
a. what	
b. who	
c. when	
d. a wh-question word	
and dependent word	
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النصل الثقي 1435/1434هـ

القراعد والمنظومة النحوية

اللعوذي: ٤ 36. The pronoun "which" can

be used as both a personal and a non-personal pronoun a. be used as either a personal or a non-personal pronoun b. not be used as a personal relative b. not be used as a personal relative pronoun d. only be used as a non-personal relative pronoun

37. Personal relative pronouns like "who" and "whom" are used with

a. objects

التواعد والمنط

lined

- b. places.
- ø. humans.
- d. ideas.

38. The relative pronoun "whose" gives the idea of

- a. participation.
- b. possession.
- c. purpose.
- d. place.

39. "I met Ahmed when I was travelling." The underlined clause is

- a. a noun clause.
- b. a relative clause.
- c. an adverbial clause.
- d. a comparison clause.

40. "I couldn't open the door because I used the wrong key." The underlined clause is a

a. reason clause. b. comparison clause.

- c. relative clause.
- d. conditional clause.

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EIE

a

a. Anmed
b. is
c. my best friend
d. is my best

45. "Your friend Ahmed is here." What is the appositive in this sentence?

a. your friend b. friend Ahmed c. friend d. Ahmed

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القواعد والمنظومة النحوية

46. Which of the following sentences has a restrictive appositive?

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- "Dr. Omar, my Linguistics professor, published a book." a. "Majid and Saleh, my cousins, will visit us tomorrow."
- b. "The shopkeeper Othman is a hard working man."

d. "Ahmed Al-Ali, your old friend, is here."

47. Which of the underlined phrases is a prepositional phrase?

a. Ahmed is very intelligent.

b. My old friend is going to visit me.

c. We have been invited to a wedding.

d. Mohammed is in the classroom.

48. "The book is on the desk." The prepositional phrase expresses the idea of

a. place.

النعوذي: ٤

القواعد

b. time.

c. manner.

d. agency.

49. "He walked to the mosque." The prepositional phrase expresses the idea of

a. movement.

b. time.

c. manner.

d. instrument.

50. Which of the following is true when we compare adjuncts and complements?

a. Complements are necessary in a sentence. Adjuncts are NOT necessary. b. Adjuncts are necessary in a sentence. Complements are NOT necessary.

- c. Complements and adjuncts are both necessary in a sentence. d. Complements and adjuncts are both NOT necessary in a sentence.