

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

كويز مادة (الصوتيات والنظام الصوتي) المحاضرة العاشرة

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1), that is with the study of human speech sounds

- Phonology
- **phonetics**
- affricates
- velum

2) is to do with something more than properties of human speech sounds per se.

- affricates
- velum
- phonetics
- **Phonology**

3) The range of places within a word which a given sound may occur in is called its

- **distribution**
- phonetics
- affricates
- velum

4) is the study of certain sorts of mental organization.

- phonetics
- velum
- **Phonology**
- distribution

5) In the English data we have looked at, the distribution of unaspirated and aspirated stops is mutually exclusive: where you get one kind of stops, you never get the other. This is called

- distribution
- **complementary distribution**
- velum
- affricates

6) is essentially the description of the systems and patterns of speech sounds in a language.

- velum
- complementary distribution
- phonetics
- **phonology**

7) English native speakers know that the sequence of segments [bl^g], is an English sequence, whereas the sequence of segments [tl^g] is not, despite the fact that she or he may will never have heard either sequence in her or his life. Let us postulate that, in making such judgments, the native speaker of English gains access to a kind of which constitutes 'the phonology of English.'

- **unconscious knowledge**
- conscious knowledge

8) The discipline of phonology, under this view, differs from that of phonetics, since it is the study, not of speech sounds per se, but of.....

- mental abilities and
- largely unconscious mental states
- **all above**

9) The /p/ in pool, and the /t/ in top, and the /k/ in killing, are

- **aspirated**
- unaspirated

10) the /p/, /t/, and k/ in spurt, stop and scold, are

- **unaspirated**
- aspirated

11) The (p) is aspirated or unaspirated, it is one phoneme

- false
- **true**