

أسئلة مراجعة لمادة اللغة الإنجليزية جامعة الملك فيصل – طلاب الانتساب

_ نسخة محدثة_

بتاريخ يوم الجمعة، ٥٥/ربيع الثاني/١٤٣٤



أسئلة الدكتور معاني - للفصل الدراسي الأول ١٤٣٢ - ١٤٣٣ هـ (الأسئلة المسربة).
 أسئلة الدكتور معاني - للفصل الدراسي الثاني ١٤٣٢ - ١٤٣٣ هـ (الأسئلة المسربة).
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 النبية الاختيار الصحيح ولماذا الباقي خطأ لأنه من المتوقع أن تتغير الاختيارات حسب كل نموذج - الفهم الاختيار الصحيح ولماذا الباقي خطأ لأنه من المتوقع أن تتغير معانها لأنه قد يعطيك الكلمة ويطلب من الكلمة ومعناها لأنه قد يعطيك الكلمة ويطلب من الكلمة...

تمنياتي لكم بالتوفيق ولا تنسوني ووالدي من صالح دعائكم

محبكه : سكرتير عبادي

شرح وإعداد سكرتبر عبادي الفصل الدراسي الثاني١٤٣٢ – ١٤٣٤هـ

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Question 1:)Grammar Section)> Choose the correct grammatical and the right answer:

1. money do you have? A. How far. لأن المال غير معدود (B.) How much. C. How many. D. How long 2. Who _____ on the phone? الفاعل مفرد وفى زمن المضارع المستمر لأنه يتكلم باللحظة الحالية (من الذي على الهاتف) (A.) is B. are C. am D. had 3. We always _____ pizza for lunch. لأن الجملة في زمن المضارع البسيط بدلالة كلمة always (A.) eat B. eating C. is eating D. eats 4. She often goes out _____ night. A. on لأنه وقت محدد تماماً (في الليل) (B.) at C. about D. in _____ your name. 5. Idon't الجملة في زمن المضارع البسيط لأنه يتحدث عن واقع والفعل ليس من الأفعال المستمرة (A.) Know B. Knew C. Knows D. knowing 6. Would you like orange? A.a B. zero article C. the لأنه يتكلم عن شيء عام ولم يخصص والحرف الأول أحد حروف العلة D. an 7. There's coffee in the pot. A. a few B. many C. an لأن القهوة اسم غير معدود فنستخدم (D.) some 8. The pants need _____ more water. A. many B. a few لأن الماء اسم غير معدود فنستخدم C.) a little D. any

9	Andes are in South Ameri	ca.
(Ā.)	 the. خذ	لأنه يتحدث عن سلسلة جبال الآنديز وهي حالة شاذة حيث تأ
В.		-
C.	zero article	
D.	а	
10. Wh	ose those books?	
А.		
(B.)	are	لأن الفاعل جمع والسؤال عن ملكية الكتب
C.		-
D.	am	
11. I do	n't have any money. Please	me lunch.
	buying	
	bought	
	buys	
-	•	الجملة في الزمن المضارع البسيط وبالتالي الفعل بدون به
	-	النفى I don't have يدل على الزمن المضارع و لأن الفعل
	uldn't solve	—
	much	
В.	many	
C.	a	
(D.)	ن الجملة منفية any	على الرغم بأن الاسم معدود إلا أننا استخدمنا هذا الجواب لأ
\sim	is is capital of Fra	nce.
А.	а	
(B.)	the	
C.	an	
D.	Zero Article	
	عن شيء محدد	الإجابة A و B صحيحتان والأصح B إذا اعتبرنا أننا نتحدث
14	dollars do you ł	ave?
А.	How much	
В.	How long	
<u> </u>	, رقم How many	لأن الاسم معدود (دولارات) وبالتأكيد الإجابة ستكون
D.	How far	
15. Eac	h week worse.	
А.	has	
В.	are	
C.	am	
D.	جب استخدام فعل يكون المفرد is	كلمةEach دائماً تدل على المفرد ولأن ما بعد الفراغ صفة ي
16. lt w	as popular the 1980	
A.	in	لأن التاريخ عقد من الزمن ويقصد فيه هنا في الثمانينات
B.	on	
C.	at	
	with	
ِقت محدد	وإذا كانت قصيرة نستخدم on و at في	القاعدة تقول إذا كنا نتحدث عن فترة زمنية طويلة نستخدم in
page 3 of	40	شرح وإعداد سكرتير عبادي الفصل الدراسي الثاني١٤٣٣ – ١٤٣٤هـ

17 Fach and of the students responsible about his assignments
17. Each one of the students responsible about his assignments.
A. Were
الفاعل مفرد بدليل وجود Each حتى لو كان هنالك اسم جمع بعده، وعليه فالفعل مفرد (B. Is هما الفاعل مفرد) الفاعل
C. Are
D. Have
18. She finishedthan everyone else.
A. quick
B. quickly C. quicker than مقارنة بين اثنين بدليل وجود كلمة
D. quickers
19. Which is of the two?
A. difficulty
لأنها مقارنة بين اثنين بدليل كلمة of the two والمصفة مكونه من ثلاث مقاطع B. more difficult
C. difficult s
D. most difficult
20. This is the kitchen I've ever seen.
A. dirties
لأنه يقارن بمجموعة بدليل جملة l've ever seen أي أول مرة في حياته B. dirtiest
C. dirties
D. dirty
21. I've got to get post office before it closes.
لأنه من صياغ الجملة يقصد المكتب القريب منه لذا فهو شيء معين
B. a
C. an
D. zero Article
22. It rains a lot spring.
A. with
B. on
لأنها جاءت قبل فصل الربيع وهو مدة زمنية طويلة فتكون (C) in
D. at
23. It islargest producer of computer keyboards in the world
لأنه مابعدها صفة مقارنة بمجموعة ودائما the تكون قبل الصفة إذا كانت مقارنة بمجوعة (A) the
B. a
C. zero Article
D. an
24. What time did you to school today?
الجملة في الزمن الماضي ولأنه تم استخدام الفعل المساعد did فإن الفعل بعدها يعود لأصله come (A)
B. coming
C. came
D. comes

25.			anybody the	re?
	Α.	Are		
	Β.	Have		
(<u>C</u>	ls		الفاعل مفرد بوجود any وهي مثل each يجب أن يكون الفعل مفرد
	D.	Am		
26.	Ho	w do you	,	now?
	Α.	done		
(B .)	do	γοι	الجملة بالزمن المضارع وعليه فالفعل يكون حالته الأصلية لأن الفاعل ل
	C .	does		
	D.	did		
27.	The	e undergr	ound is	
(A.	more ex	pensive than	هنا مقارنة بين اثنين مترو الأنفاق والباص
	в.	most exp	pensive	
	C.	more exp	pensive	
			expensive	
28.			art collecti	on in Europe.
		finest		
	\sim	finer		
(\sim	the fines		مقارنة بمجموعة لأنه قارن المجموعة الفنية بأوروبا كلها
		the finer		
29.				7a.m
	Α.			
		with		
	\sim	on		75.00
	<u>D</u>)			وقت محدد بالدقة
30.		erybody _		_leaving now
		are		
		am		
	\sim	have	rian taati rinkia	
	D .			زمن مضارع مستمر لوجود now والفاعل مفرد لوجود everybody ا
51.			es out	Friday night
	А. В.			
	-	on		نستخدمها مع الأيام (فترة زمنية قصيرة)
(with		
32.			is your cit	ty from Riyadh? 1000 Kilometers.
52.		———— How sho		ty nom kryaun: 1000 knometers.
		How long		
(\sim	How far	-	بالنظر للإجابة ٢٠٠٠ كيلو وهي مسافة وعليه يكون السؤال عن المساف
(D.	How tall	-	
	υ.			



39. Where is the car? It's in the الكراج يعنى ورشة (A.) garage B. bog C. library D. kitchen 40. " has the same meaning as "proof". A. essence (B.) evidence معنى لكلمة إثبات C. reference D. similarity 41. The phrase "write the same thing" means A. cut B. delete C. paste (D.) copy معنى المقطع "كتابة لنفس الشيء" 42. The word "_____" is closest in meaning to the phrase "Very beautiful". أقرب معنى لكلمة جداً جميل وجذاب (A.) attractive B. difficult C. thin D. interesting 43. The word that has the same meaning as "a chemical that helps us to grow" is_____ A. germs B. bacteria مادة كيميائية تساعدنا على النمو هي الهرمون (C.) hormone D. sugar 44. We went for a picnic by the sea and had a ______. it was a very delicious meal. يعنى الشواء (A.) barbecue B. camera C. test D. problem لاحظ هنا يطلب عكس المعنى _____ 45. The opposite meaning of "Physical " is A. healthy B. happy المعنى المعاكس لكلمة جسدى هي عقلى (C.) mental D. successful 46. " " is closest in meaning to the word "like". المعنى المشابه لكلمة يفضل يعنى المرادفه لها بالمعنى (A.) prefer. B. attract C. hate D. avoid

47. "Unhealthy things to eat" mean	าร
A. milk	
B. junk food	الطعام الغير صحي يعني
C. overweight	
D. honey	
48. She looks very	because of the diet she follows
A. tall	
B. slim	هي تبدو نحيفة لأنها تتبع حمية
C. dangerous	
D. ugly	
49. A person between 13 and 19 ye	ears old is a
A. volunteer	
B. worker	
C.) teenager	يطلق على الشخص بين ١٣ و ١٩ سنة مراهق
D. pilot	
50. You are	because everybody knows about you.
A. sick	
B. a player	
C. a driver	
D. famous	لأن كل الناس يعرفونك فأنت مشهور
—	

Question3:

(A) Reading Comprehension 1: Read the following passage and answer the questions below. ٢٧ أن سبق وشرحتها أعتقد ماتحتاج شرح أو نقاش فهي موجودة في صفحة ٢

Marriage is often not easy. Maybe man and woman love each other, but they <u>argue</u>. They get angry. Later they apologize, but it happens again and again. What's the problem? Are men and women really very different.

Deborah Tannen says yes, men and women are very different. Tannen teaches at Georgetown University in Washington, D.C. <u>She</u> writes books about the ways people talk. She believes that men and women talk- and think- in different ways. She tells about some differences in her book, You Just Don't Understand.

The differences, Tannen says, begin when men and women are children. Very young boys and girls are similar to each other. In other words, <u>they</u> like many of the same things and play in the same ways. They aren't very different. But then there is a change. When children in the United States are five or six years old, boys usually play in large groups. One boy gives orders. For example, he says," Take this," 'Go over there". He is the leader. Boys also brag. In other words, they say good thing about themselves. But girls there usually play in small groups or with one other girl. A girl's best friend is her very good friend and important to her. Girls often don't give orders; they give suggestions.

51. _____ gives orders while playing in groups.

A. A boy

- B. A man
- C. A women
- D. Agirl

52. Where does Deborah Tannen work? ______

A. At university

- B. At hospital
- C. At school
- D. At restaurant

53. The differences between men and women begin ______

- A. when they are old
- B. at the age of sixteen

C.) when they are children

- D. when they are babies
- 54. The underlined word " brag" means ______.
 - A. laugh
 - B. cry
 - C. play

D. talk proudly

55. The underlined pronoun " she" refers to______.

- A. woman.
- B. agirl
- C. man

D. Deborah Tennen

56. Who gives suggestions? _____

- A. Deborah Tennen
- B. The men
- C. Boys

D. Girls

57. A word in paragraph ONE which has the opposite meaning of " similar"

- is____
 - A. problem

B. different

- C. angry
- D. apologize

58. Which country does Deborah live in? _____

A. Saudi Arabia

B. United States of America

- C. Europ
- D. Japan

59. The underlined pronoun " they " refers to______

- A. women
- B.) young boys and girls
- C. boys
- D. men

60. The underlined word " argue" means

- A.) discuss angrily
 - B. speak slowly
- C. cry loudly
- D. listen carefully

B: Reading Comperhension 2:

القطعة تتحدث عن نبات الصبار الصحراوي

The cactus is a plant which grows in very hot, dry places. They do not have leaves. Instead, ⁶¹they have spiny needles which stick out of their stems. There are many shapes of the cactus. ⁶⁶Some are small and round. ⁶⁴Others are tall like columns or pillars. Some are shaped like tubes or bells. Some are shaped like wheels. Some grow as trees or shrubs. Others grow as ground cover. Cactus flowers are big, ⁶⁶and some of them bloom at night. Their flowers come out at night because they are pollinated by insects or small animals that come out at night. ⁶⁸Insects and small animals carry pollen from one cactus to another.

⁶⁷Most cacti live in North and South America. Others live in Africa, Madagascar, and Sri Lanka. Cacti do not have very large leaves because large leaves would allow the water to evaporate. When water evaporates, ⁶²it changes from a liquid to a gas. When it becomes a gas, it is light enough to move through the air. That would be bad for the cactus because the cactus needs the water to live.

Some cacti have waxy coatings on their stems, ⁶⁵so that water will run down the stem to the roots. ⁶³Cacti can absorb water from fog in the air, since it does not rain very much in the desert. Most cacti have long roots which can spread out close to the surface so they can absorb a lot of water on the occasions when it rains.

61. what do cactus have instead of leaves	ماذا لدى الصبار بدلاً من الورق
A.) Needles	الدبابيس
B. Tubes	
C. stems	
D. pillars	
62. When water evaporates it,	عندما يتبخر الماء فإنه
(A) changes from liquid to gas	يتحول من الحالة السائلة للحالة الغازية
B. changes from liqudi to solid	
C. changes from gas to liquid	
D. is absorhed by the stem of the	cactus
63. A synonym for "absorb" is	المعنى المرادف لكلمة يمتص
A. eat	
<u>B.</u> drink	
C.) soak up	يمتص أو ينفذ من خلال وهنا بمعنى الإمتصاص
D. customer	
والمتعتبين التشدين فجريجها حندا اعدارك ملاحيا التعاري	المكانات الاحلية بن القراحة فحند قدامة الحدلة كا

بإمكانك استنتاج الإجابة من القطعة فعند قراءة الجملة كاملة تستطيع التخمين خصوصاً عندما تبدأ بحذف الإجابات غير المتوقعه.

	** - 1 -
64. pillars are	الأعمدة تعنى
A. Long tubes and small balls	4
B. long tubes.	
C. small balls	
(D.) tall columns	
65. Cacti prevent evaporation of water by	الصبار يمنع التبخر بـ
A. growing deep roots	
B. growing large leaves	
C. growing small stems	
D.) growing small leaves	بإخراج أوراق صغيرة
66. Some cacti	بعض الصبار
A. Bloom at night and grows as vines	يتفتح أثناء الليل وينمو بشكل متسلق
B. bloom at night	
C. grow as vines	
D. grow as shrubs	and the second
جابات صحيحة ولكن الأصح هي الأولى حيث أن نبات الصبار يتفتح	
D. الخيار الأول جمع خاصيتين من جميع الخصائص الصحيحة لذلك	
67. Where do most cacti grow?	أرى انه الأصبح. أين ينبت نبات الصبار
-	ایل یبت بات (سمبار
A. Southern Eourpe B. Asia	
C. Antarctica	
(D.) North and South America.	شمال وجنوب أمريكا
ن حبوب 68. When cacti are pollinated their pollen	
(A) is carried from one cactus to another	تحمل من نبته صبار للأخرى
B. is eaten by small animals	
C. is eaten by insects	
D. Is eaten by insects and small animals.	
69. How are cacti shaped?	ماهى أشكال نبات الصبار
A. Like wheels.	-
B. Like balls	
C. Like tubes	
(D) Like tubes, balls and wheels	كالعجلات والكرات والأنابيب
لأنه مشرار كالرائد الاسترابية	لأن كل الإجابات صحيحة فإن D هي الأصبح
د به یسمن خن ا دِختم دِت.	دن دن الإجابات صحيحة فإن D هي الاصلح
70. When cacti bloom	عندما يتفتح نبات الصبار فإنه يعني
A. their flowers fall off	
B. they are eaten by small animals	
C.) their flowers come out	فإن الأزهار تتفتح
D. they are eaten by insects.	

انتهت أسئلة الفصل الدارسي الأول من العام الدراسي ١٤٣٢-١٤٣٣هـ

1.	يعني کبير
	A.) age
	B. to be young
	C. fat
	D. stronger
2.	يعني ولا مرة means not even once. ""
	A. always
	B.) never
	C. sometimes
	D. rarely
3.	Amman is capital of Jordan.
	A. Zero Article
	لأننا نتحدث عن شيء محدد وهو الخيار الأصح B. the
	C. a
	D. an
4.	No one in the university. That's weird
	الفاعل مفرد No one وتعامل معاملة each بالتالي يجب أن يكون الفعل مفرد
	B. are
	C. had
	D. am
5.	Who William Shakespeare ? He is a famous playwright.
	الفاعل مفرد وعليه يكون الفعل مفرد (الفاعل مفرد وعليه يكون الفعل مفرد
	B. are
	C. had
	D. am
6.	Every one of us responsible of his or her duties
	A. are
	الفاعل مفد يقد ألم مسميس معادلة بحب الثي يكدن الفعال مفيد
	الفاعل مفرد بقوله every one وعليه يجب أن يكون الفعل مفرد
	C. were
_	C. were D. have
7.	 C. were D. have Microsoft and apple producers of computers.
7.	 C. were D. have Microsoft and apple producers of computers. A. is the largest
7.	 C. were D. have Microsoft and apple producers of computers. A. is the largest B. are the largest
7.	 C. were D. have Microsoft and apple producers of computers. A. is the largest B. are the largest C. are larger than
	 C. were D. have Microsoft and apple producers of computers. A. is the largest B. are the largest C. are larger than D. is large
	 C. were D. have Microsoft and apple producers of computers. A. is the largest B. are the largest C. are larger than D. is large It's natural park in Asia
	 C. were D. have Microsoft and apple producers of computers. A. is the largest B. are the largest C. are larger than D. is large It's natural park in Asia A. the finest
	 C. were D. have Microsoft and apple producers of computers. A. is the largest B. are the largest C. are larger than D. is large It's natural park in Asia A. the finest B. the finer
	 C. were D. have Microsoft and apple producers of computers. A. is the largest B. are the largest C. are larger than D. is large It's natural park in Asia A. the finest

9. When will the basketball matchat?	
A. starts	
أفعال المودل دائماً يأتى الفعل بصيغته الأصلية (B.) start	بعد
C. started	•
D. starting	
10. This music was popular the 1990s.	
ية زمنية طويلة عقد من الزمن ونأخذ معه	فتر
B. with	
C. on	
D. at	
11. Maradona and Messi are one of the players.	
A. good	
قارنة بمجموعة ووجود أداة التعريف قبل الكلمة دليل آخر بأنها مقارنة بمجموعة (B) best	4
C. goodest	
D. better	
12. I usually carefully when it rains	
A. drove	
B. drives	
C. driving	
، مضارع بسيط لأنها عادة ووجود علامته usually مضارع بسيط لأنها عادة ووجود علامته	فعز
13. My brother cooks rice and meat	
A. now	
B. yesterday	÷1
ملة في الزمن المضارع البسيط بدليل وجودS للفعل وعليه نختار مرة أسبوعيا once a week و	الج
D. last month	
14. Marwan knew that riding a taxi is than riding a bus	
A. expensiver	
B. most expensive	**
ارنة بين اثنين	مف
D. the most expensive	
15. Cleaver students don't necessarily finish their exam than others	
رنة بين مجموعتين لوجود than (رنة بين مجموعتين لوجود عنه)	مق
B. quickers	
C. quick	
D. quickly	
16. Mercedes iswhat you expected	
A. cheapest than	
B. cheaper	
C. cheap than	
ارنة بين اثنين (D. cheaper than	مة

Families in almost every country are changing. This is true in **rich** ²⁰**countries and poor** <u>**ones**</u>. It is true in Africa, the Americas, Asia and Europe. All over the world, families are getting smaller.

In North Africa , in the past, many people lived in extended families. Fifty to hundred people lived together in a group of houses.

<u>These</u> were all family members- grandparents, aunts, uncles, cousins, children, and grandchildren. But now this traditional family is ¹⁷breaking into smaller groups.

The traditional family in Mexico was also big. One generation ago, the average ¹⁹Mexican woman had ²¹seven children. Today, <u>she</u> has an average of only 2.5 children. Now , without so many children, families don't need to spend so much money on ¹⁸basics, such as food, clothing and housing.

17. What happened to the traditional family? A. getting larger (B.) breaking into smaller groups C. became rich D. had no children 18. Food and clothing are _____ A. grandchildren B. families C. members (D) basics 19. The underlined pronoun " she" refers to A. a brother B. an aunt (C.) Mexican women D. a family 20. The underlined word " ones" refers to ______. A. families (B.) countries C. children D. Americas 21. How many children did a Mexican woman have? A. 2.5 B.) 7 C. 4 D. 3

22. The /S/ in the word "goes" has the same pronunciation of the latter /s/ in the word: A. heats **B**. repairs C. breaks D. cats السؤال يقول ماهي الكلمة التي نطق حرف S فيها مشابهة لنطق الحرف في كلمة goes؟ وينطق الكلمة كلها تجد أن كل الكلمات ينطق الحرف الأخير منها S س ماعدا كلمة repairs فإنه ينطق Z ز. 23. My cousin always goes out to Gym Sundays فترة زمنية قصيرة (أيام) (A.) on B. in C. with D. at 24. I don't their last address! A. knew B. knows C.) know مضارع بسيط لوجود don't وعليه الفعل بدون بهارات D. knowing 25. The lighter the box, ______ the delivery is going to be. A. the fastest صفة مقارنة بمجموعة وهي صفة قصيرة فنختار (B.) the faster C. the fast D. the most fast 26. Rami often studies ______ night. This is unhealthy A. on (B.) at وقت محدد C. about D. in 27. How are you today? I hope you are doing very well A. did B. done مضارع مستمر لأنه يسأل عن الحال الآن وكذلك وجود are يدل على ذلك C.) doing D. does 28. I have bought ______ books that you have already bought A. zero article B.a

(C.) the لأننا نتكلم عن شىء محدد D. an

29. Microsoft and appleproducers of computers	
A. is the largest	
(B.) are the largest	مقارنة بجموعه
C. are larger than	
D. is the large	
30. It's natural park in Asia	
(A) the finest	مقارنة بجموعه
B. the finer	
C. finest	
D. finer	
31. Water at 100 celsius	
A. boiled	
B. boiles	
C. boiling	
بسيط لأنها نظرية مثبتة وواقع والفاعل مفرد فنضيف للفعلS (D) boils	زمن المضارع ال
32. He can't talk, He the sink right this second	
A. fixes	
ستمرلوجودعلامته right this secondيعني هذه اللحظة (B) is fixing	زمن المضارع الم
C. is fixed	
D. has fixed	
33. My pupils the lesson now.	
ع ولكنها من الأفعال التي لاتفيد الإستمرارية (A) understand (في الزمن المضار
B. are understanding	
C. understood	
D. were understanding	
34. We in the field, at 7p.m, two days ago. What were	you doing?
A. were walking	a states so tates
ود فعل ماضي مستمر مرتبط فيه B. walked ود فعل ماضي مستمر مرتبط فيه	ماصي بسيط نوج
C. had walked	
D. are walking بالإضافة لأنه من المتوقع عندما نكمل two days ago بالإضافة لأنه من المتوقع عندما نكمل	ة <u>محمد المراجعة</u>
يف الآخر سيرد على سبيل المثال two uays ago بالإطناقة لاته من المتوقع عدما لكمن	
یے ہیے میں سیرد علی سیو است ، was eating my function (1990)	المصادف چان الطر
ى البسيط لوجود to my dad some last night البسيط لوجود (A.) walked	ف الأمن الماض
ی بجب حبب عبد الهاد اله	<u> </u>
C. had walked	
D. am walking	

36. The word that has the opposite meaning of "hating" is A. confused المعنى المعاكس للكره هو الحب (B.) loving C. sleepy D. interesting 37. The library is always there are always lots of students. A. sad (B.) crowded يعنى مزدحمة C. sleepy D. interested 38. You went to the new ______ and bought many things. A. hospital (B.) mall السوق C. school D. cinema 39. Doctors always advice smokers to give up smoking. The underlined word give up has the same meaning as: A. start (B.) quit يقلع C. help D. study 40. The Kids were afraid when they watch a on TV. وحش (A.) monster B. food C. games D. juice 41. If he didn't find the keys, he could **look for** it in the other room. the underlined word look for means: A. buy B. read C. eat يحث عن (D.) search language. It is not difficult. 42. Arabic is A. beautiful B. boring C. safe سهلة (D.) easy

THE SECOND S	
43. The word "categories" means	·
A. Classifications	أصناف
B. entertainments	
C. eatables	
D. customers	
44. The word that means "food specialist"	
A. a policeman	
B. gourmet	أخصائي أطعمة
C. mechanic	
D. servant	
45. "separated from others" means:	
A. alone	وحيد
B. happy	
C. sick	
D. busy	
46. My last semester is 85.3%	
A. average	المعدل
B. marriage	
C. package	
D. garage	
47. All members in families are not living in c	one house.
A. nontraditional	غير التقليدية يعني المتمدنه
B. nuclear	
C. rich	
D. bad	
ودين عليه بالقطعة، كان يسأل بأن العائلات التقليدية يعيشون في بيت واحد ن في بيت واحد والجواب هنا العائلات غير التقليدية.	•
48. A word has the opposite meaning of "different"	
A. apologize	
B. problem	
C. similar	متثابه
D. angry	
49. To ask oneself and think means:	
A. prefer	
B. repair	
C. wonder	يفكر بأمل ويتعجب
D. enjoy	

50. "		" has the same meaning as "evidence"
Α.	essence.	
В.	similarity	
C.	proof	إثبات وحجة
D.	reference	
51. Ea	ch war	more disastrous than others.
A.) is	ظبعاً بوجود each سيكون الفاعل بالتأكيد مفرد وعليه الفعل مفرد
Β.	am	
С.	are	
D.	had	
52. Wo	ould you like	potatoes?
Α.	many	
В.	a few	
С.	any	
Ð) some 4	تستخدم مع الاسم المعدود ولأنها جاءت بصيغة سؤال يفضل دائما استخدامه
53		money will you spend on your education?
Α.	How many	
B.	How much	المال غير معدود
С.	How far	
	How long	
54. l ca	an speak with	n people at the same time.
A.	many	لان الناس اسم معدود
В.	much	
	an	
D.		
55		_ Dirhams do you have for the UAE trip?
	How much	
-	How long	station of the state of the sta
	How many	الدراهم اسم معدود مثلها مثل أي عملة أخرى
	How far	
		fresh vegetables at home.
	eating	
	is eating	
-	eats	
\sim	eat	مضارع بسيط بدئيل وجود كلمة often
57		is your city from Mecca city? 200 Kilometres
	How short	
_	How long	1924 bi bi _ a i b 1924 - i b 1974
\sim	How far	بالنظر للإجابة ٢٠٠ كيلو وهي مسافة وعليه يكون السؤال عن المسافة
	How tall	
ge 19 of	140	شرح وإعداد سكرتير عبادي الفصل الدراسي الثاني١٤٣٢ – ١٤٣٤هـ

58. When did you _	to New York?
A. Travel	بوجود فعل did يعود الفعل لحالته الأصلية بدون بهارات
B. travels	
C. Travelled	
D. Travelling	
59. Не	having a severe stomachache.
A. are	
B. am	
C. has	
D, is	الفاعل مفرد والجملة في الزمن المضارع المستمر لوجود ing– في الفعل
60. She usually gets	s up 5:00 AM to pray and study.
(A.) at	وقت محدد
B. in	
C. with	
D. on	
61. I've to go to	dentist that I went to last time
A. the	لأنه يتحدث عن شيء محدد (الطبيب الذي كان عنده آخرة مرة)
B. a	
C. zero Article	
D. an	
62. I usually	carefully when it rains.
A. drove	
B. drives	
C. driving	
D. drive	
63. The /S/ in the w	vord "leaks" has the same pronunciation of the latter /s/ in
the word:	
A. hats	
B. toys	
C. windows	
D. rains	
-	السؤال يقول ماهي الكلمة التي نطق الـS فيها نفس نطق S في كلمة leaks؟ وبنطق الذ الكلمات تنطق Z ز ماعدا كلمة hats فإن الـ S تنطق S س وهو نفس النطق في كلمة
64. My brother coc	oks rice and meat
A. now	
B. yesterday	
C) once a weel	مضارع بسيط بدليل وجود S في الفعل فنختار
D. last month	

65. The /S/ in the word goes has the same pronunciation of the latter /s/ in the word:

A. heats

B. repairs

- C. breaks
- D. cats

السؤال يقول ماهي الكلمة التي نطق حرف S فيها مشابهة لنطق الحرف في كلمة goes؟ وبنطق الكلمة كلها تجد أن كل الكلمات ينطق الحرف الأخير منها S س ماعدا كلمة repairs فإنه ينطق Z ز وهو نفس النطق في goes.

66. Usually, lectures are _____ than classes in high schools

- A. Long
- B. Longest

C) Longer

D. The longer

الأسئلة من ٢٧ - ٧٠ عن قطعة الزواج واختصاراً للوقت ماراح أكتبها موجودة فوق في الصفحة ٨.

بعد إطلاعي على نموذجين من الأسئلة وجدت أن الأسئلة عموماً أسلوبها واحد ولايوجد إختلاف كبير فيها، نفس الفكرة متكررة أكثر من مرة ولكن بطرق مختلفة. يجب عليك أن تفهم إجابة كل سؤال وكيف استخلصت الإجابة الصحيحة من الخيارات حتى لو غير بطريقة السؤال تكون عارف تحل بنفس الفكرة هنا. مثل السؤالين ١٣ من الفصل الأول و ٣ من الفصل الثاني الإجابة واحدة مع التعديل في السؤال وكذلك ٣٢ من الفصل الأول والسؤال ٥٧ من الفصل الثاني. والأمثلة كثيرة تستطيع أن تكتشفها بنفسك.

GOOD LUCK !!

تم جمد الله





My name is Elena Sanchez. I am from Mexico, but now I live in California. I'm a student <u>here</u> in English language classes at a small college. I live in an apartment building. It's on the corner of Olive Street and Sycamore Avenue. My address is 2201 Olive Street. There's a big olive tree in front of the building. There's a park across the street. There are a lot of oak trees in the park. The trees are beautiful in the summer. A lot of my neighbors are from different countries. The people next to me are from Indonesia. The family across from the Indonesian family is from Colombia. The stores in this neighborhood are always busy. There's a Korean drugstore. There are three restaurants on Olive Street: One Mexican, <u>one</u> Japanese, and one Moroccan-Italian-American. I like my neighborhood, but I ask myself one question. Where are the Americans?!!!

- 4. Where is Elena from?
 - A. California
 - B. Olive Street
 - C. Korea

D. Mexico

- 5. When are California tress beautiful?
 - A. In the winter

(B.) In the summer

- C. In the spring
- D. In the fall
- 6. Which country are the people who live next to Elena from?
 - A. Colombia
 - B. Japan

C. Indonesia D. Morocco

page 22 of 40 <u>www.entsab.com</u> 7. How many restaurants are there in Olive Street?

(A.) Three restaurants

- B. Five restaurants
- C. No restaurants
- D. Seven restaurants
- 8. What is the front of the building?
 - A. Restaurants.
 - B. Oak tree

C. Olive tree

- D. A park
- 9. The underlined word "here" refers to:
 - A. Mexico

(B.) California

- C. Italy
- D. Indonesia
- 10. The Underlined word "one" refers to:
 - A. Collage
 - B. Neighborhood

(C.) Restaurant

D. Friend

11. Are the Presidents going to meet? Yes,_____

- A. They are not
- B. They do
- C. They will

D. They are

- 12. None of the students _____ Complaining about the exam _____ King Faisal University.
 - A. Are/at
 - B. were/in

C.) is/at

 \overline{D} . was/on

من الممكن استخدام are بدلا من is فكلاهما صحيح ولكن استخدام is أصبح.

13. Having so many people on one location means ...

- A. Very bad
- B. Frightened
- C. Very wonderful

D. Crowded

يعني المكان مزدحم

عدد السكان

14. Statistics or numbers of the people in one country means

- A. customers
- B. categories



D. relatives

15. "Ahmad about his money . He was so arrogant!" one said.	
A. was talking always	
B. always was talking	
لوجود فعل أصلي من أفعال يكون يأتي الظرف بعده مباشره	
D. always talking	
16. Money that you earn in any business is	
تعني الربح (A.) profits	
B. purchases	
C. buying	
D. classifications	
17. When lines appears on ones' skins, it means he or she has	
A. stress	
B. beverages	
C. toes	
تعني التجاعيد في البشرة D. wrinkles	
18. His books are very interesting. Mine not.	
A are	
B. were	
C. was	
D. is	
لإجابة قد تكون are وقد تكون is. فكلاهما صحيح لغوياً وقواعدياً لأن الجملة لا تجزم بأن ضمير الملكية mine يعود على	
لميء مملوك جمع أو شيء مملوك مفرد. فوجود نقطة بينهما يعني أن الجملة الثانية فكرة جديدة. فلو استبدلنا الضمير بكلمة المسالم المنابع المسلم المنابع المسلم المسلم المنابع المسلم التربي المسلم التربيب المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم ا	
my bool استخدمنا is ولو استبدلناها بmy books استخدمنا are. فكلا الإجابتين صحيحة. (وجهة شخصية). محمد المعام معلم المستحد معلماً من المستحد منا عام .	¢
19. The normal standard means A basics	
B. either C. branch	
D. average 20. My friend, Ahmad, went to Mecca Sunday,May,1960.	
A. in	
تاريخ محدد (B.) on	í
C. at	
D. about	
21. Now, she two days to finish her project.	
A. need	
فعل مضارع بسيط لأنه أصبح حقيقية ثابته بانها تحتاج يومين لإنهاء المشروع (B.) needs	
C. needes	
D. needed	
22. Do you have some?	
A. konwledges	
B. informations	
C. informationes	
اسم غير معدود (D.) information	

page 24 of 40 www.entsab.com شرح وإعداد سكرتير عبادي المصل الدراسي الثاني١٤٣٢ – ١٤٣٤هـ

23. I have	close friends, I am happy with them.
A. little	
B. alittle	
C. few	
(D.) a few	لأن الاسم معدود والشق الثاني من الجملة يعطى انطباع ايجابي
	that they are not always right.
(A.) think	فعن مضارع بسيط
B. are thinking	-
C. thinks	
D. is thinkin	
25. In your view, which army	the strongest currently?
A. are	
B. were	
C.) is	الفاعل مفرد army
D. was	
26. My English professor correcte	d many times.
A. we	
B. us	ضمير يعود على المفعول به وينوب عنه
C. our	
D. ours	
27. The opposite meaning of men	tal is:
A. physical	تعني جسدي وهي عكس كلمة عقلي
B. healthy	
C. happy	
D. successful	
28. Your news fa	ake information. You should stop that
A. report	
B. reportes	
م يضاف له reports S د يضاف له	الجملة في الزمن المضارع البسيط، وجعلنا الفاعل جمع لأنه الفعل ا
D. reporting	

Yellowstone National Park is in the U.S. states of Wyoming, Idaho, and Montana. It became the first National Park in 1872. There are geysers and hot springs at Yellowstone. There are also many animals at Yellowstone. There are elk, bison, sheep, grizzly bears, black bears, moose, coyotes, and more. More than 3 million people visit Yellowstone National Park each year. During the winter, visitors can ski or go snowmobiling there. There are also snow coaches that give tours. Visitors can see steam (vapor water) come from the geysers. During other seasons, visitors can go boating or fishing. People can ride horses there. There are nature trails and tours. Most visitors want to sec Old Faithful, a very predictable geyser at Yellowstone. Visitors can check a schedule to see the exact time that Old Faithful is going to erupt. There are many other geysers and boiling springs in the area. Great Fountain Geyser erupts every 11 hours. Excelsior Geyser produces 4,000 gallons of boiling water each minute! Boiling water is 100 degrees Celsius, or 212 degrees Fahrenheit — that's very hot! People also like to see the Grand Prismatic Spring. It is the largest hot spring in the park. It has many beautiful colors. The beautiful colors are caused by bacteria in the water. These are forms of life that have only one cell. Different page 25 of 40 شرح وإعداد سكرتير عبادي الفصل الدراسي الثاني١٤٣٢ – ١٤٣٤هـ www.entsab.com

أسئلة الفصل الأول من العام الدراسي ١٤٣٣-١٤٣٤هـ

bacteria live in different water temperatures. Visiting Yellowstone National Park can be a week long vacation or more. It is beautiful, and there are activities for everyone.

29. Old faithful is...

- A. river
- B. trail
- C. passage
- D. geyser

30. Boiling water is.....

- A. 0 degrees C .or 32 degrees F.
- B. 100 degrees C. or 212 degrees F.
- C. very hot

D. Both B and C are correct

لوجود الإجابتين في الجملة نفسها. ارجع واقرأ

- 31. Steam is.....
 - A. Snow
 - B. running water.
 - C. freezing water

D. water in vapor form

32. Different temperatures are different....

(A.) levels of heat and cold.

- B. amounts of water
- C. levels of rainfall
- D. colors of water
- 33. What causes colors in the springs?
 - A. sunlight
 - B. bacteria
 - C. eruptions
 - D. temperatures
- 34. What is Yellow stone?

(A.) a park

- B. a geyser
- C. a mountain
- D. a hot spring
- 35. something predictable is something
 - A. people enjoy.
 - B. people talk about

C.) people know in advance

- D. people pay for in advance.
- 36. Great Fountain Geyser erupts every 11.....
 - A. minutes

B. hours

- C. days
- D. months

37. What are bacteria?

A. Forms of life with one cell

B. Multi-celled organisms

- C. sunshine
- D. various types of water

38. The largest hot spring in the park is

- A. Excelsior
- B. Old Faithful
- C. Great Fountain

(D.) Grand Prismatic

39. It was snowing ______. We could not even play with the snow لأنه قليل غير كافى ويعطى انطباع سلبى بأنه غير راضى

(A.) little

B. a little

- C. few
- D. a few
- 40. when someone becomes too fat, it means that he or she has
 - A. poorness

B.) overweight

- C. disease
- D. hardship

Pulp Friction

Every second, 1 hectare of the world's rainforest is destroyed. That's equivalent to two football fields. An area the size of New York City is lost every day. In a year, that adds up to 31 million hectares -- more than the land area of Poland. This alarming rate of destruction has serious consequences for the environment; scientists estimate, for example, that 137 species of plant, insect or animal become extinct every day due to logging. In i3ritish Columbia, where, since 1990, thirteen rainforest valleys have been clearcut, 142 species of salmon have already become extinct, and the habitats of grizzly bears, wolves and many other creatures are threatened. Logging, however, provides jobs, profits, taxes for the government and cheap products of all kinds for consumers, so the government is reluctant to restrict or control it Much of Canada's forestry production goes towards making pulp and paper. According to the Canadian Pulp and Paper Association, Canada supplies 34% of the world's wood pulp and 49% of its newsprint paper. If these paper products could be produced in some other way, Canadian forests could be preserved. Recently, a possible alternative way of producing paper has been suggested by agriculturalists and environmentalists: a plant called hemp.

41. How many species of salmon have become extinct in BC?

- A. 27
- B. 31
- C. 137
- D.) 142

42. How much of the world's newsprint paper is supplied by Canada?

A. 31% B. 49% (C.) 34% D. 19% 43. A hemp is..... A. paper B. an animal (C.) a plant D. a forcast 44. We talked about Islam tolerance ______ Independence Day, _____sunrise. A. in/in the B. on/on C. at/in يوم الاستقلال يأتى قبله on ووقت شروق الشمس يأتى قبلها at (D.) on/at 45. Eid Day, we visit our relatives, neighbors, and friend. A. at B. in تأتى قبل الأيام (C.) on D. in and on 46. This year, Football matches . A. in the badest مقارنة بين شىء ومجموعة فهو يقارن بين السنة الحالية والسنوات السابقة (B.) are the worst C. are the worse D. are the worsest 47. Couldn't you guide me to _____ school? A. a best مقارنة بين شيئين المدرسة الحالية والمدرسة التي يسأل عنها (B.) a better C. good D. a worst 48. Each of the professors ______ responsible about his or her exams. This is the very fact. A. are B. were C. was كلمة each تجعلنا نستخدم الفعل المفرد والجملة في الزمن المضارع (D) is 49. Now, not all students ______ what you are saying. A. are understanding فعل لايفيد الإستمرارية بالرغم من الجملة في الزمن المضارع المستمر (B.) understand C. are understood D. is understanding

	-
50. Geese in many places around the world.	
A. Lives	
ع بسيط لأنه يتحدث عن حقيقة وشيء دائم والفاعل جمع (B.) Live	فعل مضار
C. Lived	
D. Livs	
51. The opposite of difficult exam is	
A. Terrible exam	
B. Frightened	
C. Wonderful exam	
D. Easy exam	
52. When you have nobody to talk with means	
А. Нарру	
B. Funny	
C. Alone	
D. Angry	
53. "Look at mice!". Micefast.	
A. is	
B. was	
C. were	
(D.) are	الفاعل جمع
54. Nowadays, some news TVs are	- · ·
A. leiing	
B. lie	
C. lying	
D. lies	
55. A single state is a family history means	
A. population	
(B) generation	
C. relative	
D. branch	
56. How many the Monkeys have?	
A. tooths	
B. tooth	
C.) teeth	
D. teeths	
57. A family that follows customs and norms is called	
(A.) traditional family	
B. non-traditional family	
C. nuclear family	
D. abnormal family	
58. To take things to destination or to hand on means	
A. to release	
B. to deliver	
C. to prepare	
Frebare	

D. to contrast

الجملة في الزمن الماضي البسيط بدلالة وجود كلمة ago

يعنى على الطاولة

تعنى مريض

- 59. The opposite meaning of relaxation is
 - A. health
 - B. highness
 - C. happy
 - D. stress

60. Few days ago, Omer and Aisha talked about the research that Bakir _____lastly.

A. does B. do

- D. done
- 61. Were you a student at King Fisal University? Yes,......
 - A. You were
 - B. Iwere
 - C. You was

السؤال في الماضي بدليل كلمة were وبالتالي الإجابة تكون بالماضي [62. Don't you have ______ rental house?

- A. some
- B. an
- C. much
- - A. are hearing
 - B. are not hearing
 - C. hear
 - D. hearing
- ing الجملة في الزمن المضارع المستمر ولكن الفعل ليس من الأفعال المستمرة لذا لايضاف 64. The manager of Arab Bank puts his iPad______his desktop.
 - A. in
 - C. at
 - D. over
- 65. The opposite meaning of healthy is
 - A. happy B. sportage
 - C.) sick
 - D. fitness
- 66. Have you read _____ book that I told you about ?
 - A.a
 - B. an
 - <u>C.</u> 0
 - لأنه يقصد كتاب بعينه معروف لدى السامع والمتكلم (D.) the
- 67. The part speech of "could" is ______
 - A. Noun
 - B. Preposition
 - C. Verb
 - D. Modal

68	pages s	hould I cover?
Α.	How much	
В.	How far	
<u> </u>	How many	السؤال عن شيء معدود
D.	How some	
69. Th	is country is	
Α.	the wealthier ever in the world	
B .	the wealthiest ever in the world	مقارنة بين شيء ومجموعة
Č.	the wealthiest ever	
D.	the wealth ever	
70	milk, would yo	u like to put on your coffee?
Α.	How many	,
B .	How much	لأنه يسأل عن شيء غير معدود
Ē.	How often	
D.	How some	

GOOD LUCK !!



تم جمد الله

1	l live in Washington near	M	ount Rainier
т.	A. a	IVI	
	B. an		
	C. the		
	D. one		î.t
	رات کلها خاطئة leave it blank رات کلها		أصفت هذا الحيار لأنه الصحيح لأن أسماء أ
۷.	My city borders on	Dead Sea.	
	a. An	*	يە بە بە بە بە
	b.) the	ات التعريف	البحار والمحيطات نستخدم معها أدو
	с. а		
_	d. leave it blank		
3.	The place from Chile	e is Australia. It's on the	e other side of the world.
	A. farther		
(B.) farthest		
	C. farther than		
	D. farthest than		
4.	We saw a terrific accident whether the same a terrific accident whether the same a terrific accident whether the same acci	nile we	to university.
	A. go		
	B. have gone		
	C. are going		
(لبسيط were going		
5.	Mr. Bean is	film series that I have	ever seen.
	A. The funnier than		
	B. The funny		.
(C.) The funniest		مقارنة مع جميع الممثلين
	D. The funnier		
6.	This week , Vegetables are	last week.	
	A. expensiver than		
	B. more expensiver than		
	C. most expensive		
	D. more expensive than		
7.	Xavi and Messi are playing in	Barcelona	·
	A. family		
	B. friends		
	C.) team		
	D. army		
8.	In ancient Egypt	cats were considered s	scared.
	A. a		
	B. an		
	C. the		
(D.) leave it blank		
9.	Tam a student	King Faisal Universi	ty
	A. in		
	B. on		
(C. at		
	D. above		

	"
	losest meaning to the phrase "very clever"
A. interesting	
B. easy	
C. enjoyable	
D. intelligent	
11 hou	use is that beautiful one? It's mine.
A. who	
B. what	
C.) whose	أداة سؤال عن الملكية
D. where	
12. If you didn't find the keys, y	you can look for it in the other room. What could "look
for " probably mean?	
A. buy	
B. search	
C. read	
D. eat	
13. English language is not diffi	cult It is
A. beautiful	Curt. It is
B. ugly C. safe	
\sim	
(D.) easy	er ethere" en helle er eeu 2
14. What could "separated from	m others" probably mean?
A. happy	
B. busy	
C. sick	
D. alone	
15. Her total in thi	is semester is 84.3%.
A. marriage.	
B.) average	
C. package	
D. garage	
16. We to launch. W	e had a It was very delicious.
A. go	
ط went / Barbecue ط	أضفت الجملة الثانية لتكتمل الإجابة. والإجابة في الزمن الماضي البسي
C. goes	
D. gone	
17. When the sun rises, the fog	gquickly.
(A.) disappears	
B. sit	
C. succeeds	
D. fails	
18. The more stressed you are,	your health is.
A. bad	,
B. worst	
	مقارنة بين شيئين في المقطع الأول ولابد تتوافق المقارنة في المقطع
D. the worst	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Read the following passage and then answer the questions.

Marriage is often not easy. Maybe man and woman love each other, but they <u>argue</u>. They get angry. Later they apologize, but it happens again and again. What's the problem? Are men and women really very different.

Deborah Tannen says yes, men and women are very different. Tannen teaches at Georgetown University in Washington, D.C. <u>She</u> writes books about the ways people talk. She believes that men and women talk- and think- in different ways. She tells about some differences in her book, You Just Don't Understand.

The differences, Tannen says, begin when men and women are children. Very young boys and girls are similar to each other. In other words, <u>they</u> like many of the same things and play in the same ways. They aren't very different. But then there is a change. When children in the United States are five or six years old, boys usually play in large groups. One boy gives orders. For example, he says," Take this," 'Go over there". He is the leader. Boys also brag. In other words, they say good thing about themselves. But girls there usually play in small groups or with one other girl. A girl's best friend is her very good friend and important to her. Girls often don't give orders; they give suggestions.

19. The differences between men and women begin _____

- A. when they are old
- B. when they are babies
- C. at the age of sixteen

(D.) when they are children

20. The pronoun "they", in the last paragraph, refer to

- A. women
- B. whings
- C. diffrences

D. boys and girls

_____ gives orders while playing in groups.

(A.) a boy

- B. a man
- C. a women
- D. a girl
- 22. The undeline word "brag" means ______
 - A. cry

21.

B.) talk proudly

- Č. play
- D. laugh
- 23. which country does Deborah live in?
 - A. Japan

B. Europ

- (C.) America
- D. Austaria
- 24. _____ is the hospital from the park? three Kilometers.

A. How far

- B. How long
- C. often
- D. much

25. What is the superlative form of "Thin"? A. thinner B. more thin C. most thin (D.) the thinnest 26. What is the comparative form of "far"? A. farthest B. furthest C. farther of further (D.) None of the above. الصحيح farther أو further حيث الأولى أمريكية والأخرى بريطانية وجمعها في خيار واحد وفي جملة ليدخلك في متاهه والقصد يلخبطك انتبه من هذه الخدع 27. It's the _____ expensive way to travel. A. less لأنه يقارن بين مجموعة (B.) the least C. the less D. lesser أعتقد وجود أداة التعريف The هي للخدعة حتى تختار less. لأنه من صيغة العبارة أنها تقارن بين عدة طرق للسفر وبالتالي أرى B هو الخيار الصحيح. وحتى نتأكد نستطيع أن نقول it's the cheapest way to travel . 28. The students ______ studied English for a month. A. has B. had C. are (D.) have 29. Would you give _____ the report, please? A. I (B.) me C. He D. She 30. Professor Omar is going to travel June. (A) in B. on C. in D. on 31. Mrs. Lee was born _____ October. A. at (B.) in C. on D. with 32. Snow usually ______ in January in Jordan. A. fell B. fall فى الزمن المضارع البسيط (C.) falls D. is falling 33. Why _____ she always call you "Tom Tom"? A. is B. do C. was (D.) does

34. "Don't worry, everyone the test ye	sterday."
(A.) passed	
B. passing	
C. passes	
D. work	
35. A technician most technical pr	roblems.
A. fix	
B.) fixes	
C. travel	
D. coat	
36 living now? –near t	the Bank.
A. who she is	
B. what was she	
C. when did she	
D.) where is she	
37. Which one is grammatically wrong?	
A. When is Matt going to the mall?	
B. Who went to the store?	
C. What did Bob bring to school?	
D. What he does doing right now?	
38. Are going to Cinema? Yes, fortunately I've got	money.
A. a few	
B. few	
C.) a little	اسم غير معدود ولأنه يعطي انطباع ايجابي
D. little	

Read the following passage and then answer the questions.

Many people wonder: Why do we sleep? Why do we dream? They ask <u>themselves</u> the purpose, or reason. There are many theories, or opinions about <u>this</u>, but scientists don't know if these ideas are correct.

One theory of sleep says that during the day, we need sleep to make new chemicals and repair, or fix, our bodies. This theory is called the "Repair Theory". One piece of <u>evidence</u> for this theory is that our bodies produce more of growth hormone while we sleep.

Another theory is that the purpose of sleep is to dream. Dreaming occurs only during one stage, or period, of sleep (Rapid Eye movement-REM) sleep. REM sleep occurs about 90 minutes and last for about 20 minutes. Some scientists believe that REM sleep helps us to remember things, but others don't believe and don't agree.

39. The underlined pronoun "themselves" refers to: _____

- A. reasons.
- B. dreams
- C. purposes

(D.) people

40. The underlined pronoun "*this*" paragraph 1 refers to ______

(A.) purposes of dreaming and sleeping

- B. scientist of dreaming
- C. theories of sleeping and dreaming
- D. people who sleep

41. The underlined word "evidence" paragraph 2 means_____

- A. chemicals
- B. dream
- <u>C.</u> repair

D proof

42. How long does REM sleep last?

A. 90 minutes

B.) about 20 minutes

- C. the whole night
- D. a minute

43. This mall is always ______. There are always lots of customers.

- A. building
- B. different
- C. front

D. crowded

44. The trip to Jordan was really very amazing. "Very amazing" could probably mean:

- A. wonderful
 - B. dangerous
 - C. very easy
- D. terrible
- 45. Students _____ English Phonetics books.
 - A. has
 - B. are
 - C. having

D. have

46. Do you have enough friends to join?

No, Unluckily, I've got ______ friends.

- اسم معدود وغير راضي انطباع غير ايجابي بدلالة كلمة Unluckily وغير راضي انطباع غير ايجابي بدلالة كلمة
- B. a few
- C. little
- D. a little

47. ______ students will pass the test. It is very easy.

- A. little
- B. very little
- C. a little

D. many

48. He comes to _____ work by taxi.

- A.a
- B. an
- C. the

D. Leave it blank

49. He can't call you now. He ______ the sink right this second.

- A. repair
- B. repairs
- C.) is repairing
- D. are repairing

في الزمن المضارع المستمر

لا تحتاج لأن work فعل وليست اسم

50. The underlined letter /s/ in the word "peaks" has the same pronunciation of the letter /s/ in the word: _________.

(A.) hats B. toys C. windows D. rains 51. "_____ " means stress A. relaxation (B.) worry C. health D. highness 52. Spanish is ______ beautiful language (A.)a B. an C. the D. none of the above 53. Professor Omar is ______ amazing person who you should meet one day. A.a (B.) an C. what D. Leave it blank. 54. Othman is ______ good man who helped us last night. (A.)a B. an C. the D. leave it blank 55. Amman and New York ______ very crowded cities. A. is (B.) are C. am D. is not 56. Yes, Mr. Lee is a teacher (A.) is Mrs. Lee a teacher? فى الزمن المضارع البسيط B. was Mrs. Lee a teacher? C. has Mrs. Lee been a teacher? D. are Mrs. Lee a teacher? 57. Omer and Othman ______ an English test today? A. hasn't B. doesn't C. haven't (D.) do not have 58. Sultan _____ his best to get full mark in the last quiz. A. do B. does (C.) did D. has done.

59. FC Bayern Munich won the European Champions League _____ 23 May 2001 A. at تاريخ مكتمل يوم شهر سنة (B.) on C. in D. above 60. The capital of Saudi Arabia is ______ Riyadh. A. an B. a C. the (D.) Leave it blank 61. I take ______ apple every day to stay healthy. A. a (B.) an C. two D. several 62. I study in a private school. school is really amazing. (A.) the B.a C. an D. one 63. Are you ready, we have to go? _____ (A.) No, I'm not B. Yes, Im C. No, lamn't D. Yes, You're 64. This is mine and that is _____. ضمير ينوب عن المفعول به ويأتى بعد الفعل (A.) yours B. her C. my D. his 65. _____ my colleagues in this room A. this is B. that is اسم اشارة للقريب والفاعل جمع (C.) these are D. those are 66. ____ our car over there A. this is اشم اشارة للبعيد والفاعل مفرد (B.) that is C. these are D. those are 67. I _____to complete my studies. زمن مضارع بسيط والفاعل (A.) want B. am wanting C. wanted D. wants

68. Students ______ afraid from final test.

A. usually are

B. usually is

C.) are usually

D. is usually

69. Our English professor _____ his mobile.

A. has switched of rarely

B. has rarely switched off

- C. rarely has switched off
- D. never has switched off

70. In some cultures ______ dogs are considered man's best friend.

- A.a
- B. an
- C. the

D. Leave it blank.

انتهت الأسئلة !! GOOD LUCK



