(1) You	your homework last night.
راً) sh	ould have done
(ب) s	hould do
(خ)sh	ould did
(2) do	
(2) To show	v strong necessity, use
( <sup>†</sup> ) sh	ould
(ب) c	an
(ح) دم	ould
<u>(ح) m</u>	<mark>ust</mark>
(3) A partic	eiples is a form of a verb that functions as
( <sup>†</sup> ) a 1	noun
(ب <u>)</u> a	n adjective)
(ع)a رج)	verb
(ع) an	adverb
(4) Ti	he students do not like English. When they attend it, they got
• (أ) bo	orn
(ب <u>)</u> b	
عارج) bd(ج)	
	oringly
(5) I read an magazine yesterday.	
( <sup>†</sup> ) in	terested
(ب) e	xcited
in(ج)	teresting
(2) no	one of the above
(6) Short co	31
. t. 1 •	onversations with strangers seem to be more common in
(¹) bı	
	onversations with strangers seem to be more common in
(ب) b	onversations with strangers seem to be more common in g cities

(7) People even	rywhere are careful to speak with strangers only in
situation.	
(h) uncof	

- (1) unsate
- (\( \text{\text{.}} \)) safe
- (7) dangerous
- (2) none of the above

## (8) In U.S, Someone has invited you to a party at 8:00. It's probably best to arrive:

- (i) a few minutes before 8:00
- $(\hookrightarrow)$  at 8:00 exactly
- $(\tau)$ a few minutes after 8:00
- (2) none of the above.
- (9) In US, you have a business appointment for 10:30. It's probably best to arrive:
  - (i) at 10:25 to 10:30
  - (中) at 10:35 to 10:45
  - (₹) at 11:00
  - (2) none of the above
- (10)To make real tag-question ...
  - (1) your voice intonation should go up on the tag
  - (-) your voice intonation should do down on the tag
  - (¿) your voice intonation should go neutral
  - (2) none of the above
- If someone says "I'd like you to meet Mr. Jone.", your polite **(11)** response should be like...
  - (i) Hi man
  - (ب) keep in touch
  - (z) Glad to meet you
  - (2) don't worry about it
- What does "correct amount of money" means? (12)
  - (i) enough dollar bills
  - (-) insufficient amount of money
  - (で)a lot of money
  - (2) exact change

(13)	We should pay attention to speakers' tone of voice because
	(i) it distracts you
	(ب) sends unclear message
	(خ)it sometimes tells more than speakers' words
	(2) none of the above
<b>(14)</b>	"What do you think about it?" what is the short form of "what do
y	ou?''
	( <sup>†</sup> ) whatcha
	(→) watcher ya
	رج) <mark>whadaya</mark>
	(2) none of the above
<b>(15)</b>	What does "to hang on" mean?
	( <sup>†</sup> ) to give up
	(→) to surrender
	(で)to change
	(2) to wait
<b>(16)</b>	What does the common suffix "-ic" like in the word "linguistic"
m	nean?
	(i) having property of
	(中) act, process
	(z)state of
	(2) without
<b>(17)</b>	What does the common prefix "Mid" like in the word "midnight"
m	nean?
	( <sup>†</sup> ) mistake
	(中) midway
	(z)half
	(2) again
<b>(18)</b>	What does the common prefix "dis" like in the word
"(	disorganized'' mean?
	(i) cause
	(中) before
	(z)opposite of

- in (د)
- (19) In America, Someone tells you, "that's a nice sweater," you say:
  - (b) Thank you,
  - (-) Oh, not really. It's very old
  - (ج) Would you like it?
  - (2) none of the above
- (20) In U.S, your teacher sometimes sits on her desk. You think:
  - (1) He's not polite.
  - (→) He's not very serious about teaching.
  - (ح) It's not strange.
  - (2) none of the above