1-The verb phrase in the cowboys <u>were the winners</u> generates this rule:

<u>a-VP→V L NP</u>

b-VP→N(Art)

c-VP→(Art)N

d-vp→VL Adj

2-The verb phrase The monkey <u>died</u> generates this rule:

<u>a-VP→V1</u>

b-VP→V2

c-VP→NP

d-VP→PP NP

3-The noun phrase in <u>The man and women</u> greeted Donald' generates this rule :

<u>a-NP→NP Cco NP</u>

b-NP→Cco NP NP

c-NP→NP Cco VP

d-NP→VP Cco VP

4-This book ' That book   is an example of :

a-indeedfinite articles

b-possessive determiners

<u>c-Demonstrative drterminers</u>

d-wh –question

5-The noun boy and its plural boys is an example of:

a-Derivation

b-inflection

c-subject-verb agreement

d-compounding

6-They most frequently modify nouns :

a-verb

b-Adjective

c-Nouns

d-Adverb

7-The CompP in <u>That tom remembered the appointment</u> amazed the can be written as:

a-CompP→co-s

b-CompP→Np VP

c-CcompP→Snp

d-CcompP→Sco

16-The morpheme attached to the end of a word is :

a-Suffix

b-Affix

c- Stem

d-Prefix

17-The following is an example of inserts :

a-students

b-wow

c-shall

d-Teachers

18- This sentence Albert cooked dinner and Ali bought a dessert generates this rule:

a-S→SNPs

b-S→SPPs

c-S→SVPs

d-S→SCcos

19 –The verb phrase in Tom <u>was persistent'</u> generates this rule

a-VP→NP Adj

b-VP→V L Adj

c-VP→V L NP

d-VP→(Art) N

20- The part of grammar explaining how morphemes are put together to construct words is :

a-morphemes

b-Grammar

c-syntax

d-morphology

21-A transitive verb is said to take :

a-Averb

b-Adirect object

c-Apreposion

d-An article

22- part that make up or constitute sentences are :

a-verb phrases

b-constituents

c-prepositions

d-Noun phrases

23-Word such as dark, heavy and guilty are :

a-Adjectives

b-Nouns

c-Adverb

d-Lexical verbs

24- The verb phrase in The rain <u>annoyed Paul</u> generates this rule:

a-VP→VPP

b-VP→VT NP

c-VP→VT

d-VP→NPV

25-The analysis of the structure of phrases and sentences is :

a-morphology

b- Grammar

c-syntax

d-morphemes

26-Words such as admin build choose and write are :

a-Adverbs

b-Lexcial verbs

c-Auxilliary verbs

d-Nouns

27-Chair +man is an example of :

a-Auxilliary verbs

b-compounding

c-Inflection

d- prepositions

28-They are linked to verbs :

a-Adverbs

b- prepositions

c-Nouns

d-Adjectives

29-The prepositional phrase in admired the women <u>with the hat</u> modifies:

a-Verb admird

<u>b-Noun the woman</u>

c-Article the

d-Noune joe

30- The morpheme attached to the beginning of a word is :

a-Affix

b-Stem

<u>c-Prefix</u>

d-Suffix

31-The word industri+ al+iz+ation is an example of :

a-Lexical verbs

<u>b-Derivation</u>

c-Modals

d-Inflection

56- be have and do are :

<u>a-Primary auxiliary</u>

b-Personal verb

c-Modal auxiliary

d-Verb

57- This rule S………> NP VP 'VP= VL Adj generates this sentence :

a-Itraveled to paris in 1998

b-The shoes are un comfortable

c-The heavy box came from America

d-The fact that iwas there did not mean that much to her

58- The noun phrase in <u>Severe storms</u> battered' Florida generates this rule :

a-NP→Adj N

b-NP→Art N

c-N→N

d-NP→NN

59- The prepositional phrase in Mark hit the ball <u>with the bat</u> modifies :

a-Articl the

b-Noun mark

c-Verb hit

d-Noun ball

60- The underlined clause in The fact <u>that the neighbors threw a wild</u> angered Tom ' is called :

a-Adjectival phrase

b-Prepositional phrase

c- Nominal-complemt clause

d-Verb phrase

61- Words such as book, girl, and information ' are :

a- Verbs

b-Common nouns

c-Proper nouns

d-Adjectives

62-They normally precede nouns ,and are used to help clarify the mean a noun :

a-Auxiliary verbs

b-Coordinators

c-Prepositions

d-Deter miners

63- The lexical words can be subdivided into :

a-Adverbs

b-Verbs

c- Nouns

d-Nouns- lexical verbs- adjactives- and adverbs