

lecture 9

.....are the building blocks of sentence. 1-punctuations 2-words 3-clauses	٣
a.....is a group of words that contains (at least)a subject and verb. 1-letters 2-clause 3-punctuation	٢
The two kinds of clause are; 1-short and long 2-happy and sad 3- Independent & Dependent	٣
An.....clause contains a subject and a verb and express a complete thought. 1-full 2-independent 3-dependent	٢
a.....clause is formed with a subject and verb and often a complement. 1-essay 2-dependent 3-independent	٣
a.....clause begins with a subordinator such as <i>when , while ,if , that</i> or <i>who</i> . 1-independent 2-full 3-dependent	٣
a.....clause does not express a complete thought , so it's not a sentence by itself. 1-dependent 2-independent 3-full	١
.....clause is also called <i>a sentence fragment</i> . <i>1-independent</i> <i>2-dependent</i> <i>3-full</i>	٢
.....clause is formed with a subordinator, a subject and a verb . 1-independent 2-full 3-dependent	٣
a.....sentence has one independent clause . 1-simple 2-compound 3-complex	١
a.....sentence contains two independent clauses that are joined together. 1-simple 2-compound 3-complex	٢
((independent clause + coordinating conjunction +independent clause)) makes; 1-simple sentence 2-compound sentence 3- complex sentence	٢
((independent clause +a semicolon +independent clause)) makes: 1-simple sentence 2-complex sentence 3-compound sentence	٣
FANBOYS <i>for , and ,nor ,but ,or ,yet ,so</i> :::these are; 1-semicolon 2-coordination conjunctions 3-transition	٢
Use aonly when the coordinating conjunction joins two independent clauses . 1-fullstop 2-comma 3-semicolon	٢